GET PART 20
—OF—
MASTERPIECES FROM THE ART GALLERIES OF THE WORLD
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The Daily Colonist.

THE LARGEST AND BEST selected stock of :: :: ::
Chemicals and Toilet Articles
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at
CAMPBELL'S PRESCRIPTION STORE,
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☞ INSPECTION INVITED. ☜

VOL. LXXII.—NO. 146 VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA THURSDAY NOVEMBER 29 1894. THIRTY-SIXTH YEAR.

WHEN SHAKESPEARE WROTE

"He who steals my purse steals trash," he had no idea what nice purses could be manufactured in these later days. We have a big consignment of the best. Also Card Cases, Combination Purse and Card Cases, Cigar and Cigarette Cases in Seal, Russia, Morocco, Alligator, Etc., assorted colors with Sterling Silver mountings, assorted colors. The imperative purpose to sell governs all prices.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL,
47 GOVERNMENT STREET.

XMAS, 1894.

BON BONS

EVERY VARIETY
NOW IN STOCK.

HUDSON'S BAY CO
WHARF STREET.

JUST ARRIVED.

400 CASES FRESH EGGS.

360 CASES LIMED EGGS.

NEW LABRADOR HERRINGS
In Barrels and Half Barrels.

GENUINE EASTERN CODFISH
In 2-Pound Blocks.

SIMON LEISER & CO.
oc18

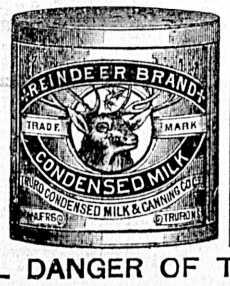
Australian Cross-bred Mutton :
Australian Rabbits : : : :
Frederickberg Export Lager Beer
In Half Barrels, Quarts and Pints
Dressed Veal and Pork : : :
Imported Fresh Salmon : : :
Ice and Hydrox : : : : :
100 000 cubic ft. Ordinary Storage

B. C. COLD STORAGE & ICE CO'Y.
oc17

MONSTER AUCTION SALE
—OF—
Fine Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware, Etc.
The entire stock must be sold to the highest bidder, without reserve. Sale commences on FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 23RD, AT 2.30 AND 7.30 P.M., AND CONTINUING DAILY UNTIL SOLD.
Don't Forget the Place---49 Government Street, opposite Bank of B.C.
no22

BOOTS
KIP
FIELD
GRAIN
GUM
At A. B. ERSKINE'S, Corner Government and Johnson Sts.

USE "REINDEER" BRAND.



CONDENSED MILK AND EVAPORATED CREAM

AND AVOID ALL DANGER OF TUBERCULOSIS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—To buy a small milk business, must be cheap. Apply P. O. Box 437. no29-2t

A FEW BOARDERS can be accommodated at 135 Pandora street; stabling on premises; terms moderate no29 1m

PORT ANGELES—Wanted, lots in original townsite; must be cheap. Swinerton & Oddy, 110 Government street. no29 1t

WANTED—Furnished bedroom with use of kitchen stove. Apply Box 56, P. O. no2-3t

WANTED—At once, situation as first-class house or parlor-maid. Address F M., Box 603, City. no29 2t

FOR SALE OR RENT—Five and a-half acres 3 miles from post office; house and buildings. Address W., Colonist office. no29-6t

$500 CASH, balance at 8 per cent. interest, will purchase a seven roomed residence with observatory, stone foundation, heated throughout with hot air; good stable; situate on Pandora Avenue; a bargain. Apply Morrow, Holland & Co., Broad street. no29-1t

YOUR BRAIN—What is in it? Step in to room 11, 90 Yates street, Hotel Wilson, and see what nature "cut you out for." 40 years experience as a Phrenologist, here only a few days more. no29-1t

FERNWOOD Lodge C.O.O.F. will give a concert and dance on Thursday Dec 13, at the Odd Fellows Hall, Spring Ridge Single tickets 50 cts., double tickets 75 cts. no29 5t

LOST—A lady's silver watch and chain, on Maclure street, between Roccabella and the Park. A reward is offered for its return to Roccabella. no29-1t

LAST few days of the Sale—The Stanley House, Government St., will be closed after Saturday next, in order to prepare the balance of the stock for purchase by tender. no28 4t

THE annual social dance of Court Vancouver A.O.F., will be held December 12th. Tickets, admitting ladies and gentleman, $2. su-tu-thu-td

CHEST PROTECTORS
FOR CHANGEABLE WEATHER
An elegant line at reasonable prices.
COCHRANE & MUNN,
DRUGGISTS.

SMOKERS, ATTENTION!

Does the thought ever strike you that the high duty on imported cigars—from $40 to $50 per 1000 in the case of one-bit cigars—places the home factory in a position whereby a finer article can be furnished for the same figure?

IF YOU WILL ONLY THINK

A moment you will see the reasonableness of this contention. Have you ever smoked a "PRIMROSE" and compared its quality with an imported cigar costing the same money? . . . .

IF YOU WILL MAKE A TRIAL

As suggested, I am willing to abide by the result. Nothing can be fairer than this. I know a good cigar, and I know also that the quality of Havana tobacco contained in my makes is such as will produce a Cigar that is equal to the best for the same money.

THE FACTS OF THE CASE

Are altogether in my favor, and if you are a good citizen and desire the promotion of the city's industries, it is only reasonable on my part to ask you to make a test of the quality of my Cigars. If you find them what I represent them to be, you will continue to smoke them.

MERCADO COHEN,
The Cuban Cigar Factory,
no28 VICTORIA, B.C.

Re MARGARET BOYCE LANG, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Trustees and Executors Act, notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any debts, claims or demands upon or against the estate of Margaret Boyce Lang, of Golden, British Columbia, who died on the 16th day of July, 1894, and of whose estate letters of administration were granted on the 16th day of November, 1894, to Alfred Cornelius Flumerfelt, of Victoria, are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims or demands, duly verified, to the undersigned on or before the 1st day of January, 1895, after which date the administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice; and for the assets or any part thereof so administered or distributed he will not be liable to any person of whose debt, claim or demand he shall not then have had notice. And all persons indebted to the estate of the said deceased are required forthwith to pay the amount of their debts respectively to the said administrator.

Dated the 28th day of November, 1894.

EBERTS & TAYLOR,
30 Langley street, Victoria,
Solicitors for the said Administrator.
no29-1m.

New Advertisements Continued on Page Eight.

NICARAGUAN CANAL.

Relations of Great Britain and the United States in Central America.

The Case of British Consul Hatch Charged With Trying to Restore Chief Clarence.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—It is understood that to-day's despatches from Ambassador Bayard show that behind Great Britain's refusal to approve the new Nicaraguan local government at Bluefields, the banishment of British Vice-Consul, Ed. Hatch, plays a somewhat prominent part. When the Mosquito Indian rule was overthrown for a second time by Nicaragua last August, the United States felt confident that full justice would be done to foreign property holders as soon as the impetuous ardor of the Nicaraguans had a chance to cool. In the earlier conflicts between the Nicaraguans and the Mosquitos, or those claiming to be Mosquito Indians, commencing in February of the present year Great Britain and the United States succeeded in preventing excessive measures. It was while this country with England was restraining Nicaragua that these inhabitants, under the youthful chief Clarence, as rumored, overthrew the temporary Nicaraguan military rule. It happened that just at this moment the United States through its diplomatic channels, was recognizing the full sovereignty of Nicaragua over the Mosquito territory in terms more explicit than had hitherto been used in the negotiations based on the Clayton-Bulwer treaty and that General Barrios had been received by England as a Nicaraguan envoy largely upon U. S. representations to negotiate a convention which would place Great Britain in the same attitude as that of the United States. Then Nicaragua undertook to crush out the latest Clarence rebellion by drastic measures. Clarence and many of his supporters fled; but others, including several Americans and Englishmen remained at Bluefields and were taken under arrest to the capital, Managua, where a decree was issued banishing them from the country. While the legality of this action under Nicaragua's constitution was never impeached by the U.S., it was regretted as the proceedings were clearly calculated to embarrass the negotiations and would practically abrogate the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. Among the prisoners banished was the British vice-consul at Bluefields, Edwin D. Hatch, who had not been recognized by Nicaragua, and J. S. Lampton and E. D. Wiltbank, American planters. These three men were active participants in the Clarence rebellion. Lampton and Wiltbank were subsequently pardoned and permitted to return to Bluefields.

It is understood that the Nicaraguans have been unaffected by the repeated and persistent demands of British Minister Gosling to extend a similar pardon to Mr. Hatch, and that this is one of the real causes of Great Britain's present attitude. Mr. Hatch owned property at Bluefields which was confiscated. The question of the right of Nicaragua to refuse to recognize Mr. Hatch as British consular officially is also said to be involved. For several weeks officials of the State department have been aware of the serious turn the Hatch affair had taken, and it is known that Minister Baker was under instructions to exercise his good offices in inducing the government at Managua to recede from its position and to restore Mr. Hatch's belongings, and to extend to him recognition as vice-consul it was with the assurance that the United States would use every proper effort to prevent any future successful resistance to Nicaraguan sovereignty at Bluefields, Great Britain meanwhile to give an implied guarantee that Mr. Hatch would not be active in any further conspiracy to restore the rule of young Clarence.

The United States could well undertake this responsibility on account of the interests she had at stake in securing the successful accomplishment of General Barrios' mission in England, which could not fail to result in giving the United States the incontestable title to any inter-ocean canal that might be built over the Lake Nicaragua route. It is probable that with the appearance of the Columbia and British warship at Bluefields the Nicaraguan government will be impressed with the advantages that would accrue from implicitly following Secretary Gresham's advice, and that Mr. Hatch will be promptly included in the terms of amnesty which were granted to Lampton and Wiltbank. These Americans, it is known, were pardoned only at the peremptory insistence of Secretary Gresham, who demanded that the summary proceedings, which characterized their arrest and banishment should be followed by a fair trial, and what had been done without the process of law should be accomplished in a deliberate legal way. The request that similar justice be done in the case of Mr. Hatch, it is understood was ignored by Nicaragua, and Great Britain has resented the apparent discrimination.

Secretary Gresham is confident that serious trouble will be avoided, nevertheless the United States have been preparing for emergencies. It is stated that Admiral Walker, since his return from Hawaii, has been constantly engaged for the past two months in familiarizing himself with the Central America question. It is said that he has planned, in case of emergency of course, a scheme of operations with the eastern terminus of the proposed Nicaraguan canal and U.S. gulf ports as a basis, and further has arranged a programme for the movements of the Pacific squadron with the new cruiser Olympia as flagship, and the Philadelphia, Bennington, Boston, Newark and the old cruisers Arion, Adams, Alert and Ranger as escorts. It is the intention of the navy department to send the Bennington to the west coast of Nicaragua in a few days. No other vessels will be probably sent south, either on the Atlantic or Pacific coast, immediately, although every available vessel will be held in readiness to proceed to sea promptly upon the receipt of telegraphic orders.

The British North Atlantic fleet consists of ten vessels. Of these, the Blake, which is the only one of considerable fighting power at last accounts was at Halifax with several other vessels of the fleet. There are two small British cruisers in the West Indies, but the Marblehead and Montgomery would easily outclass them. It is the custom of the British fleet to rendezvous in the West Indies every winter, and during the present winter at least it is announced that the policy of the United States is to maintain a similar fleet of superior strength in the same waters as an evidence that American interests are not to be lightly jeopardized. Secretary Gresham in person called at the British legation to-day, a very unusual proceeding, and not finding Mr. Goshen, the charge d'affaires, there and learning that he was only slightly indisposed, drove to his residence to lay before him the dispatches he had received.

FREE SILVER CONGRESS.

General Weaver Wants to Know Whether or Not the Standard is to Be Gold.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 27.—A conference of free silver leaders from all parts of the United States is being held here among the champions of the white metal. In attendance are A. G. Warner, of Marietta, Ohio, president of the American bi-metallic league; J. M. Devine, Nebraska, secretary; Congressman Bryan, Nebraska; Congressman Sidney, Pennsylvania; H. E. Taubeneck, Illinois; National chairman of the People's party; Gen. J. B. Weaver, Iowa; A. L. Maxwell, chairman of the State People's party committee, Illinois; Judge C. C. Cole, Iowa; Col. Shinn, Kansas, and Congressman R. P. Bland. The session this afternoon was held behind closed doors. To a United Press reported Gen. Warner said: "This conference is called to decide upon our future plans. If we are to have a gold standard in the United States and the world over we would like to know it. This conference is of grave importance to the welfare of silver." The conference is called at this time to accommodate the friends of silver who are at the Trans-Mississippi congress.

JAPAN'S ULTIMATUM.

She Declares That She Will Only Negotiate Peace With an Envoy.

The Chinese and Japanese Alike Perpetrate Gross Acts of Barbarism.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The Tokio correspondent of the Central News telegraphs "the Japanese have found at Port Arthur a chart which has enabled them to locate exactly and control all the mines in the harbor." On November 20, previous to the storming of the forts, the Japanese placed 100 siege and field guns in well chosen positions and rained shot and shell upon the Chinese entrenchments. This bombardment made possible the rapid success of the assault. In accordance with a telegram from Hiroschima, Dr. Hart, the principal surgeon at Chin Lien, will be released to report to the directors of the Hiroschima hospitals. "There was an engagement near Mo Tien Ling on the 25th. The Kirin troops tried to break the Japanese night flank but were repulsed. The Japanese loss was 48 killed and wounded."

A dispatch to the Central News from Tokio says that Commissioner Dietring and his suite sailed from Tientsin to-day. Count Ito, the Japanese prime minister, declined to receive the commissioner, stating that he would only receive an envoy who had been directly appointed by the Chinese government at Peking, and would hold no communication with the Viceroy's messenger.

From Tientsin the Central News hears that Li Hung Chang has gone to Pao-Ling-Foo, his usual winter residence and the seat of the provincial government. His departure has given rise to many false rumors to the effect that he has been degraded. The Viceroy's friends say that the time is near when he will be summoned to Peking, to save the country by his statesmanship.

The Times correspondent in Cheefoo says: Admiral Freemantle and fifty British officers landed at Port Arthur on the 25th. Qung Taotai, of Port Arthur, brother of the Chinese minister to England, has gone to Tientsin. The reports of atrocities on both sides are confirmed. The Japanese, after finding the mutilated bodies of several comrades, gave no quarter, there being an indiscriminate massacre. Several Chinese soldiers and some tradesmen who tried to escape by sea were followed by torpedo boats and shot.

A Shanghai dispatch says that the Chinese torpedo boats sank more than twenty junks loaded with fugitives from Port Arthur.

INTERNATIONAL BICYCLING.

Records of the First Day's Racing in Madison Square Gardens, New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—The following are the results of yesterday's contests at the international bicycling tournament:

One mile novice—Won by A. M. McIntyre, Riverside Wheelmen, New York; N. M. Bower, New York, second; B. R. Sackett, Long Island City, third. Time, 2:39 3 5.

One mile, 2:15 class—Won by Nat Butler, Cambridgeport; Monte Scott, Plainfield, second; W. F. Murphy, third. Time, 2:34 2 5.

Half mile, scratch, class A—Won by W. A. Barbeau, Riverside Wheelmen, New York; E. Hodgson, Newark, second; C. Hedstrom, Montauk, Brooklyn, third. Time, 1:10.

Three mile lap race, class B—Won by Nat Butler, Cambridgeport; E. A. McDuffee, West Everett, Mass., second; Charles M. Murphy, third. Time, 7:28 1 5.

Five mile scratch, class A—Won by W. A. Barbeau, Riverside, New York; C. K. Granger, Riverside, second; J. M. Baldwin, Newark, third. Time, 14:25 2 5.

Mile, scratch, professionals—Won by A. A. Zimmerman, Henry Wheeler second, William Martin third. Time, 2:23 1 5.

Half mile heats, class B—Won by C. M. Murphy, Brooklyn; Ray McDonald, New York, second; A. M. McDuffee, West Everett, third. Time, 1:10 2 5.

Five mile, scratch, professionals—Won by A. A. Zimmerman, Alex. Vereheyen second, W. Martin third. Time, 13:09 4 5.

We have the best men's dollar shoe in B.C. Marks, 8 Store Street.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Canada's Postal Exhibit Carries Off the World's Championship at Milan.

Foreign Contractors on Canadian Works—Imperial Commissions for Dominion Graduates.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Nov. 28.—Canada has been awarded the first prize for her postal display at the International exhibition at Milan. Italy's competition was open to the world.

Many contractors are kicking because Andrew Onderdonk, a United States citizen, was awarded the contract for the Trent canal, while Canadians are debarred from obtaining public contracts in the United States unless they become American citizens. Mr. McLennan, M. P., says he will introduce a bill next session to restrict the competition for Canadian public works to British subjects.

The Imperial government is awarding five commissions this year to military college graduates. Six commissions in regulars are also offered to Canadian militia officers. Two officers of the Sixty-sixth battalion, Halifax, have asked to be examined for these commissions.

CANADIAN NEWS.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

Fire at Stratford.

STRATFORD, Nov. 28.—The residence of Thomas Holiday, a fine two story brick building, near the city, was burned last night with $1,500 of valuable papers and securities.

She Played With Matches.

STANSTEAD, Nov. 28.—The little daughter of M. F. Hackett, M.P.P., got hold of a box of matches while the family were at church and severely burned herself. Her life is despaired of.

Poisoned.

HAMILTON, Nov. 28.—Mrs. Charles Planter drank a quantity of a compound mixture containing arsenic, and is in a very critical condition. It is not known whether it was taken with suicidal intent.

To Serve Her Majesty.

KINGSTON, Nov. 28.—Lieut. Geo. Cartwright, son of Sir Richard Cartwright, left here to-day for Portland, Maine, on his way to England, where he will take a military course at Chatham, proceeding to India in February.

TORONTO TOPICS.

Westwood Murder Trial—Missionaries Returned From China—Epidemic of Fever at Bruce Mines.

TORONTO, Nov. 28.—(Special)—The trial of Clara Ford for the murder of Frank Westwood began to-day, but no direct evidence was adduced connecting the Ford woman with the crime. Mrs. Westwood, the mother of the murdered boy testified to the murder of her son and added that she knew Clara Ford by sight. Florence, the daughter of Clara, told how her mother had instructed her to say how they were at the theatre on the night of the murder. After her arrest the prisoner informed her she had been in Parkdale on Saturday night, but not to say anything about it. Mrs. Crosier, Cameron street, said on the night of the murder Clara was at her house and had a revolver stuck under her jacket which was revealed by one of the witnesses.

Dr. William Malcolm and Miss M. McIntosh, Presbyterian missionaries, have returned here from Tientsin, the British consul having advised them strongly not to go inland.

W. Jones has been committed for trial on a charge of bigamy. He is alleged to have married Mrs. Mary Stock, knowing her husband to be living. Mrs. Stock is now serving a sixty days sentence on a similar charge.

Dr. Jope, sheriff of Hastings county, is dead.

There is an epidemic of fever at the Bruce mines.

News has reached here of the death of William E. Bennett, a well known Ontario journalist, in England.

George Barker, the famous landscape photographer, died at Niagara Falls yesterday.

MONTREAL MATTERS.

The "Trade Bulletin" Sued for Fifty Thous and Damages—Earthquake Shocks—Suit Against Presbyterian Temporalities.

MONTREAL, Nov. 28.—(Special)—Alderman Lefebvre is suing Henry Mason, of the Trade Bulletin, for $50,000 damages for alleged libel.

Two severe earthquake shocks were felt at Huntingdon, Que., this morning.

Lord Aberdeen called on Senator Tasse. The latter's condition is unchanged.

Rev. J. G. Smith has instituted an action against the board of management and temporalities of the Presbyterian church to recover $10,000 claimed to be due to one of the beneficiaries.

Moody, the evangelist, arrived to-day and preached in the St. James' Methodist church this afternoon. He left for Northfold to spend Thanksgiving day.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

American Gum Boots, the largest assortment and the lowest prices in B.C. Snagproof, Crack-proof, nailed leather soles, and all the latest improvements. Marks, 8 Store Street.

Do not be in too much of a hurry to buy Xmas gifts, wait until "Our Stock" is complete. Weiler Bros.

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry cures Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramps, Colic, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, and all looseness of the bowels. Never travel without it. Price 35c.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Cold Storage Propositions for Vancouver—Stringent Milk Inspection—The Coquitlam Meadows.

Nanaimo's Police Controversy—Talk Regarding Aldermanic Candidates—Electric Light Transfer.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, Nov. 28.—The ratepayers' association of Ward 5 have decided to have nothing to do with the city association, because it did not, they say, amount to much, being apparently run by three or four people.

The Philharmonic Society, owing to the success of its last effort, has decided to repeat the performance of Mozart's 12th mass at the Market hall. The Governor-General has consented to become a patron of the society.

Rev. Dr. Sutherland, missionary superintendent of the Methodist church, who has been in the province some time, left yesterday for the East.

Several milk men are going out of business, as they claim that the civic restrictions are too severe. They say they are persecuted. Owing to persistent inspection the quality of the milk has greatly improved. The next step will be to inspect milk as it passes from the milk wagon to the vendors, and if found affected it will be thrown in the gutter.

A firm in Whatcom is asking for exemption from taxes and free water for a cold storage plant.

The case of Goodmurphy, charged with stealing a watch from William Burns, came up this morning, when judgment was reserved.

An Australian firm contemplates putting in a cold storage plant, asking no favors from the city, the machinery to be put in being new.

F. Barnard, M.P., has been on the Mainland negotiating for the transfer of the Electric Light and Tram Co.'s works to an English company. Mr. Barnard will manage the company, which will necessitate his removing from the capital to Vancouver.

In the Supreme court, Mr. Justice Drake presiding, the whole of the day was taken up with the trial of Stewart vs. Wilson & Co. Yorke & Pilling carried on business at Mission City and failed. Wilson & Co, Victoria, provided them with camp supplies along the line of the C.P.R., and took a chattel mortgage on the camp outfits for $7,000. Stewart, one of the creditors, sued to have this chattel mortgage set aside on the ground of undue preference. The case was decided in favor of the defendants.

The Leamy & Kyle mill, on False Creek, was put up at auction to-day. The bidding started at $30,000 and went to $50,000. This not being high enough to suit the present holders, the property was bid in at $55,000.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, Nov. 28.—The Coquitlam commissioners have concluded their arrangements for dyking and draining the Coquitlam meadows. The agreement with McLean Bros. was signed yesterday.

Mayor Hoy and Ald. Herring will contest the mayorality. Several other names have been mentioned. The citizens who have declared themselves as candidates for aldermanic honors are: Ward 1, Ald. Jaggers and J. S. Cox Ward 2, Ald. Owens, Mr. Bain and Jas. Johnson. Ward 3, Ald. Duncan and Pearson. Ward 4, Ald. Gifford, Lord and Mr. Curtis. Ward 5, Ald. Keary and Mr. Richard McBride.

His Honor Judge Bole is ill with influenza.

A man ran amuck on Fourth avenue today tearing his clothes and acting in the wildest manner. He was arrested before any violence was done. The asylum doctors will examine him.

The Japanese whose body, considerably decomposed, was found in his cabin on Saturna island with a bullet through his head, is believed to have committed suicide. He is thought to be one Matsuo, but why he should have taken his own life cannot be imagined as he was possessed of money and no one knew of anything that was troubling him. The case is being looked into, but there is no suspicion of foul play, though some of his Japanese neighbors hint that the man has been killed by Indians.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, Nov. 28.—After being out over two hours the jury in the Brown case returned a verdict of common assault. Ex-chief McKinnon appeared this morning and elected to be tried by a judge alone. The case was set aside temporarily. In Regina vs. Hansen for neglect of duty in the Quail accident, the Crown asked for a nolle prosequi which the court granted. The remainder of the day was spent in hearing Wilson and Webster also charged with neglect of duty in connection with the colliery accident. The case goes over until to-morrow.

DUNCAN.

DUNCAN, Nov. 28.—On Monday a large and fashionable gathering assembled in St. Peter's church, Quamichan, to be present at the wedding of Mr. James Henry Whittome, of Quamichan, to Miss Jaynes, eldest daughter of Mr. W. P. Jaynes, the well-known merchant of Duncan's. The bride, who was attired in a handsome travelling dress of brown silk trimmed with pale blue, and carried a magnificent bouquet of white flowers, was attended by her two sisters, Misses Ada and Louise, who were elegantly attired and also carried bouquets of white blossoms. The groom had as his best man Mr. Percy Roberts, and the bride was given away by her father. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. A. Leakey, B.A., the rector, assisted by Rev. R. I. Roberts, of Kuper Island. After the wedding ceremony Mendelssohn's wedding march was played by Miss Lomas. The wedding presents were numerous and costly, and formed a handsome testimony to the popularity of the young lady and her husband, for whose happiness the most ardent wishes are expressed.

A Great Battle

is continually going on in the human system. The demon of impure blood strives to gain victory over the constitution, to ruin health, to drag victims to the grave. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the weapon with which to defend one's self, drive the desperate enemy from the field, and restore bodily health for many years.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sickness, indigestion and biliousness. 25c.

Dyspepsia causes Dizziness, Headache, Constipation, Variable appetite, Rising and Souring of Food, Palpitation of the Heart, Distress after Eating. Burdock Blood Bitters is guaranteed to cure Dyspepsia if faithfully used according to directions.

All who have seen our down quilts and wool blankets agree that they are the cheapest in the city. The Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Co. *

STOCKS IN NEW YORK.

Market Firmer at the Opening, Followed by Weakness—Closing Barely Steady.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—The opening deals at the Stock Exchange were characterized by a good deal of firmness, owing mainly to an advance of 1 per cent. in N. W. to 99. The rise in this stock was attributed to purchases of about 10,000 shares for account of a leading bear operator. The general list failed to sympathize to any extent, improving only ⅛ to ⅜ per cent. The rise only seemed to serve to stimulate those operating for a decline to renewed efforts and in a short time the whole list developed weakness. The decline was gradual at first but as the absence of support became more marked the downward movement gathered force. The apprehension of a most unfavorable statement of earnings for October by the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, and the rise in exchange induced selling for both accounts and the fact that the success of the government loan has utterly failed to stimulate speculation also acted as a damper upon the market. Late in the day a rumor gained currency that the sugar trust had ordered all the refineries in the combination closed, and a sharp drive was made against that stock which dropped from 89⅞ to 86⅝. Among the specialties Consolidated Gas advanced 2¼ to 125, and Pittsburg and Western preferred ½ to 30½, while American Tobacco broke 2½ to 94¼ and preferred 1 to 108. The market closed barely steady at the recovery already noted. The sales were 217,413 shares. Closing bids: Atchison, 4⅞; Burlington & Quincy, 69⅜; Canada Southern, 50⅝; Canadian Pacific, 59¼; Central Pacific, 15; Chicago, Cincinnati & Columbus, 38; Delaware & Lackawanna, 159⅞; Erie, 11⅜; Wells Fargo Express, 107; Great Northern, preferred, 100½; Lake Shore, 133½; Louisville & Nashville, 53½; New York Central, 98; New England, 30½; North American Co., 4; Northern Pacific, 4¼; Northern Pacific, preferred, 17½; Northwest, 97¼; Oregon Navigation, 19; Oregon Improvement, 101½; Pacific Mail, 21⅝; Rio Grande, 15½; Rock Island, 60⅝; St. Paul, 57⅞; Texas Pacific, 9½; Union Pacific, 11⅝; Western Union, 87¼; Bar silver, 61½c. per ounce. Money on call 1 to 1½ per cent., foreign exchange, sterling, 4.87½ for 60 days; 4.88½ on demand. Union Pacific firsts of 1896, 103½; Central Pacific firsts of 1895, 102⅝.

THE CITY MARKETS.

Business Steady With an Improving Tendency—Those Objectionable Salmon Regulations.

At the present time the choicest and finest salmon can be caught in the waters of the Canadian Pacific coast, nevertheless the laws of the Dominion make it illegal to take them, and in consequence fish dealers are compelled to supply the demand with Columbia river fish, the consumer having to pay half a cent a pound duty, in addition to heavy freight rates and other expenses consequent on their importation. Moreover, the American fish is inferior to that caught in British Columbia. It comes here principally from Seattle, but, it is understood, Dungeness is now entering into competition with that source of supply. During the present week the steamer Thistle is expected from the Northern halibut grounds with her first cargo, a large portion of which is to be shipped East via the C.P.R. During this week also the first carload this season of hogs coming from the Okanagan district, will arrive for the B.C. Cold Storage and Ice Company. Farm produce has not been coming in as freely as last week, but trade is good and shows no signs of diminution. There are no material changes in the prices from those of last week. Business continues steady with, if anything, an upward tendency.

Current retail quotations are as follow:

FLOUR—Ogilvie's (Hungarian) per bbl	$ 5.00
Lake of the Woods (Hungarian)	5.00
Premier	5.00
Three Star	5.00
Victoria	5.00
Lion	4.00
Royal	4.50
Portland roller	4.50
Snow Flake	4.50
Salem	4.50
Wheat, per ton	25.00@30.00
Oats, per ton	25.00@30.00
Barley, per ton	32.00@35.00
Middlings, per ton	30.00@32.50
Bran, per ton	20.00@25.00
Ground Feed, per ton	25.00@30.00
Corn, whole	45.00
" cracked	50.00
Cornmeal, per 10 lbs.	.40
Oatmeal, per 10 lbs	.50
Rolled Oats, per lb.	6
Potatoes, per lb.	1½
Bonapartes, per lb	1½
Cabbage, per lb.	3@4
Cauliflower, per doz.	1.00
Hay, baled, per ton	15@18.00
Straw, per bale	1.00
Green peppers, per lb.	10@12
" " cured, per lb.	4@ 5
Celery, per bunch	10@15
Onions, per lb	.01@05
" Silver, per lb.	.06
Eggs, Island, per dozen	.50
" imported	.30
Butter, fresh	25@40
" Creamery, per lb.	30@35
Hams, American, per lb.	18@20
" Canadian "	16
" Boneless "	20
Bacon, American, per lb.	18@20
" Rolled "	14@16
" Long clear "	12½@15
" Canadian "	16@18
Shoulders, per lb.	14
Lard "	15@20
Golden Cottolene, per lb.	12½@15
Meats—Beef per lb.	7@15
Sides "	7@9
Mutton, per lb.	7@12½
Pork, fresh, per lb.	10@12½
Chickens, per pair	1.00@2.00
Venison, per lb.	8@10
Turkey per lb.	18@25
Geese per lb.	16@25
Pigeons, per brace	25@35
Duck, teal, per brace	25@35
" mallard, per brace	75@1.00
" Pintail, per brace	.50
Grouse, Blue, per brace	.75
" Willow, per brace	75@1.00
Fish—Salmon (smoked) per lb.	15@20
" " per lb.	8@10
Halibut	10@12
Cod, per lb.	6@8
Small fish	5@6
Smelts, per lb.	8@10
Flounders, per lb.	6@8
Fruits—Apples per lb.	4@5
Oranges (Australian) per doz.	25@30
" (Japanese) "	15
Lemons (California) "	40@50
" (Sicily) "	40@50
Pine Apples, apiece	35@40
Honolulu Bananas, per doz.	25@40
Tomatoes, per box	75@1.00
Pears, per lb.	5
Cranberries, per gallon	65@75
Grapes, per lb.	8@10

Strong Cottonade Pants, spring bottoms, 75c. Marks, 8 Store Street.

I X L Carving Set at Cheapside. *

Ask to see our 25c. and 50c. tables of assorted crockery, etc. You will be surprised. The Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Co. *

Victoria Candy Factory Re-Opened.

W. J. Tippins, the Pioneer Candy Man, who, owing to ill-health, retired from business two years ago, has entirely recovered, and has re-opened this well known establishment. Every facility for producing the **Purest and Best Home-made Candies** of all kinds.

— 114 YATES STREET, ABOVE DOUGLAS STREET. — no10-1m

Don't Forget

that when you buy Scott's Emulsion you are not getting a secret mixture containing worthless or harmful drugs.

Scott's Emulsion *cannot* be secret for an analysis reveals all there is in it. Consequently the endorsement of the medical world *means something*.

Scott's Emulsion

overcomes *Wasting*, promotes the making of *Solid Flesh*, and gives *Vital Strength*. It has no equal as a cure for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, Consumption, Scrofula, Anaemia, Emaciation, and Wasting Diseases of Children.

Scott & Bowne. Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

FOR THE TEETH & BREATH. TEABERRY PRICE 25c ZOPESA CHEMICAL CO. TORONTO.

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted, will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

WANTED—By young woman, situation as general servant or housekeeper. Apply 31 John street. no28-2t

WANTED—Situation at once as general servant in private family; experienced cook. Apply M.P., Colonist office. no28-2t

WANTED—By 1st December, a nurse girl to look after children; good home; references required; wages $8 to $10 per month. Apply C R., Colonist office. no27-3t

WANTED—Immediately, a thoroughly experienced steward; must have first class credentials as to character and ability. Apply by letter to the Secretary of the Union Club. no24

UNTIL the holidays, the most perfect system of dress cutting ever invented, will be taught. No lady should miss this opportunity. Agents wanted. Room 73 Five Sisters Block. no18-tm

WANTED—Ladies' and gentlemen's cast-off clothing, boots and shoes, at 81 Johnson street. no7-1m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Four roomed cottage and 81 feet frontage on Fort street for $1,000. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—Two storey house, six rooms; lot 50x120; 300 fruit trees; in the suburbs of Victoria; house and fencing alone cost $1,500. The house and lot will be given away for $1,000 cash. A. W. More & Co, 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—Five-roomed house, Victoria West, with large corner lot; a bargain; $1,600. Lee & Fraser. no28

FOR SALE—Bologna, Frankfurt and Cambridge Pork Sausage, of the finest grade. No. 5 Victoria Market House. no27 3t

FOR SALE—Best Paying Bakery in Nanaimo; owner leaves for Europe. Apply P.O. Box 215, Nanaimo. no27-12t

TO RENT—For gentleman—A comfortably furnished front bedroom in private family; 10 minutes' walk from post office. Address H., Colonist office. no25 5t

TO LET OR LEASE.

TO RENT—A comfortable front bedroom, with breakfast if desired; small family and no other roomers; Beacon Hill car passes the door. Address B., Box 330. no28-3t

THE ELSMERE HOUSE, 104 Pandora St., has re-opened under new management; excellent family board; comfortably warmed rooms, also billiard room and ladies' parlor; single rooms if desired; terms moderate. Mrs. C. Wilkes, proprietress. no21-1m

TO BE LET OR LEASED—The Globe Hotel, Esquimalt; in good running order; will shortly be vacant; this is a good chance for an energetic man. Address Mrs. M. Fisher, 143 Pandora avenue, city. no2-1m

TO LET—Three nice cottages, 4 rooms, $5; one large cottage, 5 rooms, bath and cellar, $8. Apply Mrs. P. Wilson, grocer, 185 Douglas street. no10-

TO LET—Furnished rooms, with board; references given. 127 Menzies St. no6 1m

TO LET—Nine-roomed house, Superior street, James Bay; $18; water paid. Ten-roomed house; hot and cold water; 2 lots; Garbally Road; $20. Two cottages, Pandora street, $10, water paid. Corner store and four large rooms, stable, etc.; Government street; $15. Seven-roomed house, bath and stable, with frontage on the Gorge, and commanding fine view, $20. Four-roomed cottages and three acres of land, about 1½ miles from post office: $16 per month.

TO LET—Furnished—Nine-roomed house; bathroom; hot and cold water, etc.; two lots in garden; good situation; James Bay.

BARGAINS—For sale—43 acres good farming land, close to town; considerable cleared; $70 per acre.

MONEY TO LEND on good security. Apply to

Summerton & Oddy Accountants & Auditors and Notaries Public Government St.

40-ACRE FARM FOR SALE

Situated half way between Chemainus and Maple Bay, and within 3 miles of Hall's Crossing, on the E. & N. Railway and ten miles from Duncan's. Five acres are under cultivation, and the balance has been slashed and burned, and with a slight expense can all be made ready for crop. The property is well situated, having a half mile frontage on the water. There is excellent water on the property for all purposes. There is a small house and barn on the land. For anyone requiring a small farm or a charming country seat, the above will be found well suited to their desire. The property, including various implements, will be sold for $2,000. Terms will be made to suit the purchaser.

For further particulars apply to "Rancher," care of The Colonist. no22-tf

FARM FOR SALE,

Containing 100 acres, situate near Sidney; 70 acres improved; dwelling house and outbuildings; good orchard. For particulars apply to Henry Brethour, Sidney, V.I. no16-d&w-1m

- THE 20th PART -

The last and greatest part of "MASTERPIECES FROM THE ART GALLERIES OF THE WORLD" is issued to-day.

This set of Portfolios, the best and most artistic of all offered to the public, should be in the houses and on the tables of all our readers.

The small cost, TEN CENTS a part, or TWO DOLLARS for the

300 GREATEST PICTURES IN THE WORLD

should induce every head of a household to provide his people with this highly educational, artistic and satisfactory work.

FOR A FEW DAYS

we will supply our readers with back numbers, as well as the current part on presentation of the Coupon and Ten Cents for each part required.

If you have not already secured the back numbers send Two Dollars and receive the whole set at once, complete.

"HYDE FARM"

SHAWNIGAN DISTRICT

IS A MAGNIFICENT PROPERTY, containing 484 acres, suitable for mixed farming. A large portion of the Farm has formerly been cropped. There are large portions of it that are suitable for Grazing and Dairying Purposes. Now that Hops are likely to become one of B. C.'s profitable crops, a couple of hundred acres of Hyde Farm could be utilized for this purpose. The Farm is supplied with an abundance of water the year round, and water for power can be secured from the falls of the Koksilah River, which stream is the boundary line of the property on one side. Brick Clay, Lime Rock and Bog Iron Ore exist on the Farm, with the prospect of Coal also being discovered. There is plenty of Timber for all purposes, some of it of a merchantable character.

"HYDE FARM"

Is a short distance from the E. & N. Railway Line at either end of the property, and the Victoria and Nanaimo Wagon Road passes through it, therefore it is specially well located for shipping purposes. Excellent Shooting and Fishing is to be had on the property and in the Koksilah River. Deer, Grouse, Duck and Geese abound. In fact Hyde Farm is well located for all practical and pleasureable purposes, and is a chance not often met with for a man of moderate means to secure a small estate, which is sure to become extremely valuable, as the development of the Island progresses. In the meantime its utilization for Mixed Farming or Cattle Raising Purposes would bring in a fair income.

For further particulars, or
For Price and Terms, address
"HYDE FARM" Colonist Office.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.

L. P. FISHER, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 21 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco, is our authorized Agent. This paper is kept on file in his office. je8

ARCHITECTS.

JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, CORNER of Broad street and Trounce avenue, Established 1862. fel

MUSICAL.

MADAME LAIRD,

TEACHER OF VOCAL MUSIC IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

For terms apply at the Studio, at the rooms of the Victoria School of Music, 43½ Government street, and at residence, 161 Vancouver street, corner Pandora. se30

PIANOFORTE TUNING.

MR. A. F. OWEN

Pianoforte Tuner, from J. and J. Hopkinson the well-known manufacturer of pianoforte, London, England; 12 years' experience. Particulars as to my ability may be had from the above firm. 3½ years with Goodwin & Co., Victoria.

Orders left at Hibben's Bookstore and Waitt's Music store. ja10

PIANO TUNING—Wm. N. Parsell, piano tuner and repairer; eight years experience in eastern houses; satisfaction guaranteed. Leave orders at Waitt's Music Store, 61 Government street. oc31 1m

BAKERS.

M. R. SMITH & CO.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy Biscuits and Cakes, VICTORIA, B. C. fel

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

MRS. MARSHALL

has removed to No. 132 Vancouver street, where all who require dress and mantle making can have their garments made in the most fashionable style, and perfectly fitted. decl-tf

ENGINEERS.

KEEFER & SMITH,

CIVIL AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERS.

Rooms 44 and 45 Five Sisters Block, Government street, Victoria, B.C.

G. A. KEEFER, M.I.C.E. H. B SMITH, M.I.C.E.

PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

R. LETTICE — Dealer in Paints, Oils, varnish and window glass. Agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspenall's Enamel, 40 Fort street. mcl7

PHYSICIAN.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS, Late of London, England, general family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach; over twenty-five years' experience; many years a member of the British Homœopathic Society, British Gynæcological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence, 94 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. jy17

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

CHAS. E. CLARKE,
Harbor Master and Port Warden,
VICTORIA, B.C.
Office at Shipping Master's Office, Broughton St no17-1m

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 41 Pandora street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska.

Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora street. Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings. "K" boots a specialty. fel

MEETINGS.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R.—Regular Communication first Thursday each month at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets, at 7:30 p. m. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.

ja28-tf O. DUBOIS MASON. Secretary.

"ST. ANDREW & CALEDONIAN SOCIETY." Society meets in Caledonia Hall, Blanchard street, on the first Friday in every month. Visiting brethren are invited to attend. E. C. Smith, Secretary. my4-1m

TENDERS.

HARDWARE STOCK FOR SALE

Tenders will be received until 9th December, 1894, for the stock of the insolvent estate of Godfrey & Co., Vancouver, B.C., consisting of:

Hardware, about	$7,000 00
Window Glass, about	900 00
Paints, "	1,000 00
Tinware, "	400 00
Tinners' Tools, "	100 00
Fixtures, Safe, etc.	1,350 00—$10,750 00

As per inventory to be seen at the office of Estate Godfrey & Co., 144 Cordova street, Vancouver, B.C., daily from 3 to 6 p. m.

Tenders may be made on the whole or any of the different lines shown above.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

(Signed) W. E. DRAKE, J. BURNS, JR., } Trustees. no24-td

TENDERS

will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday next, the 2nd day of December, at 4 p. m.,

For supplying to the Corporation for use in connection with the New Electric Light Works;

130 Rigid Mast Arms; 30 Tilting Mast Arms.

Specifications may be seen at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.
City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B.C., Nov. 27, 1894. no28-td

— GREAT REDUCTIONS. —

Waltham Watch Co., P. S. Bartlett, (stem wind)	$ 8 00
Appleton, Tracy & Co. (all new movements)	15 00
Low grades from	4 00
Elgin Watch Co., B. W. Raymond	15 00

SPECIAL—CLOCKS.

Eight-Day Cathedral Gong, striking hours and half hours, $7.50.

S. A. STODDART,
Practical Watch-maker. 68½ Yates Street. ap4

RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my Trusses, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome DEFORMITY Ill. book free CHARLES CLUTHE, 134 King St. W., Toronto no2

SHORTHAND.

Pitman's system, taught in twenty-five lessons for $25. Proficiency Guaranteed. Address 3 Centre Road, Spring Ridge. ap14

CRYING TO HEAVEN.

The Almost Unspeakable Atrocities Perpetrated in Christian Armenia by Turkish Troops.

Forty-Eight Villages Blotted Out Amid the Most Terrible Outrages.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—A meeting of the Anglo-Armenian Association was held here yesterday under the presidency of Mr. Francis Seymour Stevenson, member of parliament for the Eye division of Suffolk and chairman of the Anglo-Armenian Association. Among those present were many distinguished Englishmen who are in sympathy with the cause of the Armenians, besides G. Hagopian, Petrus, Agancove and other natives of Armenia.

A telegram received from Dr. Cantarienn, a Russian physician at Tiflis, which was read, says: "I learn that the people of Sassoun surrendered to an overwhelming Turkish army on the solemn promise that no harm would be done to them. After laying down their arms, the Turkish troops attacked and massacred men, women and children, and pillaged and burned their homes. The number of killed must exceed 3,000." A letter was also received from J. Iskender, a merchant of Paris and president of the Armenian Society of France, in which he stated that, according to his advices, not less than 12,000 Armenians were massacred.

A resolution was passed strongly condemning the Earl of Kimberly, secretary of state for foreign affairs, and the British government for apathy in the matter, for withholding information from the press, and for screening the Turkish authorities. It was decided to hold an indignation meeting and to commence a vigorous agitation in the House of Commons.

Rev. Canon McColl, the first to draw attention to the Bulgarian atrocities, wrote that in his opinion the real criminals would be exonerated and innocent parties be blamed, the evidence of Christians never being received in Turkey against a Mussulman. Mr. McColl declared the commission of inquiry to be a shrewd imposture and demanded that Great Britain declare herself released from the Anglo-Turkish convention.

CHICAGO, Nov. 28.—The Chicago Armenians are positive that the recent atrocities in Sassoum, Armenia, were committed under direct governmental authority. The belief is based on private advices from Constantinople, asserting that the mufti of Moosh, who has control of religious matters in the district of Moosh, which covers Sassoum, has been decorated by the Sultan. At a large public meeting on Sunday here resolutions were adopted unanimously praying for the moral and financial support of the American people.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 28.—The Thanksgiving proclamation of the Armenian population to the people of the United States, signed by the secretary, contains the following cogent passage:

"Today there is an ancient Christian nation sitting around the smouldering ruins of her homes and mangled thousands of dead. She is robbed of her liberty; but keeps the freedom of conscience by martyrdom. The glory of their martyrdom shines over the world and the crime is against humanity.

"The horror of the slaughter and the bestial cruelty and foulness of the outrages have chilled the heart and polluted the ear of Christendom. I ask the whole American people to declare to the world on the Thursday of their glad Thanksgiving by unanimous vote their consternation at the brutal slaughter of thousands of Armenian families and the crushing of mercy and justice with one blow before the eyes of the civilized world. I ask them to cast that vote not on paper, but on a good American cent, a dime if they will, but at least one American coin from every man, woman and child whose heart has ached for the stricken Armenian nation; to look upon the cent or the dime ere they cast it, and see there the United States encircling liberty, and, exultant in the glory of their inheritance, to dedicate that sacred symbol for a mighty protest against all oppression and in token of warm sympathy for a bleeding nation.

"To-day as you rejoice, ye people of the United States, free men of whatever condition, united in the glad gatherings of the home, think, I pray you, once of Armenia's ruins, drenched in the blood of her slaughtered children; think once of the horror still crushing the hearts of the people that remain, and when you realize that it is possible for you to help deliver them I know you will do this work on a glad day heartily, as to God.

"Europe has no regard for Armenia, because she has no armament except the sanctity of the home and the brave hearts of her men and women. America recognizes no mightier armament than that. I ask you to declare it to the world by accepting the bonds of Armenia. I pledge to you the honor of a nation of 4,000 years of honest, toilsome life that Armenia will redeem her bonds, to keep them in eternal memory of the glorious day when a mighty nation stretched forth a gentle hand and lifted up in her arms a trampled and bleeding sister, to shelter her from threatened death. We ask for a cent, or a dime, or a check, as a Thanksgiving day vote of abhorrence of the massacres and of sympathy for afflicted Armenia. It can be mailed to either the Security bank, Minneapolis, the Western National bank, New York, or the Wells Fargo Company, San Francisco. Remind others to do likewise."

BOSTON, Nov. 28.—Last night a meeting which crowded Faneuil hall to its doors was held, at which, after addresses by Governor Greenhalge, Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, William Garrison and others, resolutions were enthusiastically adopted, which set forth that,

"Whereas, it was the report of an American commission of inquiry that first convinced Mr. Gladstone of the truth of Bulgarian atrocities.

"Resolved, that we earnestly petition His Excellency Grover Cleveland to instruct our minister at Constantinople to investigate this matter, either by sending to the spot such persons as he may see fit or by joining in a commission sent by the united European powers."

The resolution proceeds with an appeal to the signatory powers, and especially Great Britain, for the enforcement of the sixty-first article of the treaty of Berlin.

A letter dated Bitlis, October 3, received by Secretary Guilson of the United Friends of Armenia, states that on the day previous a letter from Moosh had been received, which told of the outbreak of a virulent form of cholera, which was killing from twenty-five to thirty-five persons daily. It is caused, it is said, by the stench of carnage, which has taken place not far back in the mountains. The number of the massacred will reach between eight thousand and ten thousand. The massacre occurred in the early part of September. The massacre was the result of an affray between some Kurds and Armenian villagers, from whom the Kurds had stolen their flocks. The Sultan ordered infantry and cavalry to this place to put down the Armenian rebellion, and forty-eight villages are said to have been blotted out.

PRINCESS BISMARCK.

The Kaiser Unable to Attend the Funeral Will Be Represented by His Adjutant.

BERLIN, Nov. 28.—The Emperor intended to go to the Princess Bismarck's funeral, but his physician dissuaded him owing to his cold. He has therefore ordered his adjutant, Major von Moltke, to attend the funeral.

The Lokalanzeiger says the funeral will probably be held on Friday or Saturday in the castle. Prince Bismarck has received telegrams of sympathy and condolence from Signor Crispi, prime minister of Italy, Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria, ex-Empress Frederick and Chancellor Prince von Hohenlohe-Schillingfurst. Bismarck, his health permitting, will start with the body of his wife on Sunday or Monday for Schoenhausen, where the body will be placed in Bismarck's family vault.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The Berlin correspondent of the Daily News says that Princess Bismarck died of dropsy.

The Standard's Berlin correspondent remarks that the Freisinnige Zeitung is the only paper that barely announces Princess Bismarck's death. All the others eulogise her. In Paris the Temps alone refers to her death with brief comment.

CABLE ITEMS.

Decline of Silk Industry in France—The Czar and Affairs in Russia.

The German Embassy in Paris Under Espionage—Rubenstein's Funeral—A Coming Cardinal.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The Lyons silk weavers' society have sent a memorial to the minister of commerce and foreign affairs directing attention to the serious decline of the French silk industry. Since the Franco-Italian tariff war they say Milan has become the principal market of the world.

The Czar, in his manifesto to the Russian people, says: "Solicitous for the destinies of our new reign, we deem it well not to delay the fulfillment of our heart's wish, the legacy sacredly left by our father now resting with God, nor defer the realization of the joyful expectations of our whole people that our marriage shall be hallowed by the benediction of our parents and blessed by the sacraments of holy church."

The marriage of the Czar was celebrated in Finland with great enthusiasm on Monday. The city of Helsingfor was profusely decorated and gala performances were held in the theatre in the evening. Business was suspended.

The municipal council of St. Petersburg have unanimously resolved to present bread and salt to the French ambassador to Russia. The ceremony is equivalent to the presentation of the freedom of the city.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg states that the Czar intends introducing a number of reforms, the principal of which contemplates the establishment of parliamentary representation.

The police of London and Liverpool are closely awaiting the developments of a renewal of Fenian activity in both cities. The police are constantly shadowing Rt. Hon. Messrs. Morley, Balfour and others prominent in Irish affairs in order to shield them from danger.

A paper says the German embassy is the centre of espionage in Paris. It has been stated that over a hundred naturalized French citizens are acting as spies in France. Their arrest has been demanded.

The funeral of Rubenstein took place at the Alexander Newski church, St. Petersburg, to-day. Many delegates from musical societies followed the coffin of the great pianist from Peterhoff to St. Petersburg.

It is said in Vatican circles that Cardinal Gibbons, who is expected in Rome in February, will on his return to the United States take with him Mgr. Satolli's cardinal's hat.

The marriage of Prince Adolph of Teck and Lady Margaret Grosvenor, daughter of the Duke of Westminster, has been postponed until December 12

The executive council of the McCarthy wing of the Irish parliamentary party have agreed that members differing from the policy of the party shall be asked to resign.

Truth says that Queen Victoria has invited Emperor Nicholas and his bride to visit England, and that they will probably pay the visit next June. The programme for their reception and entertainment Truth adds, will be similar to that followed on the occasion of Emperor William's visit in 1891.

The cablegram sent to New York papers stating that Hon. Edward Blake would retire from British politics after the next general election is incorrect. Mr. Blake will stand for parliament if he is again nominated for South Longford, but next session wishes more freedom to visit his family in Canada. There is no question of retirement at present however.

The "Chronicle's" Rome correspondent says that the Pope received M. Bruntiene, of the French Academy, and explained that he was unable to receive M. Zola because of his outrage on the worship of the Virgin.

A special cablegram from Quito says an earthquake to-day, lasting 27 seconds, did great damage. Pulcan church was destroyed. Fourteen bodies have been taken from the ruins. Many persons were killed and wounded. The Government is sending aid.

A brief but violent shock was felt in Trent in the Tyrol yesterday morning.

Sir Charles Dilke, in a speech at Tunstall last evening, said that after Lord Rosebery's half-hearted utterance in regard to reforming the House of Lords, it was evident that the present government could not satisfy the majority of Liberal opinion on that subject. The Radicals must fight a Piutrance the so-called reform which was no longer a Liberal, but a Tory nostrum, and certain to result in strengthening the Tories.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Drink Victoria-Phœnix Lager Beer.

Hinde's hair curlers and crimpers at Fox's, 78 Government street.

E. M. JOHNSON

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Real Estate Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public

Loans Effected, Rents and Income Collected, Deeds Prepared, Etc., Etc.

FOR SALE--20,000 ACRES FARMING LAND

In contiguous Blocks; Beautifully watered; forming one of the finest estates in the Province; house and farm buildings, 2000 cattle; 50 to 80 horses; easy approach; good roads; railways projected to property and the estate is in close proximity to some of the best developed, most promising gold mines in the District. The price of the whole is extremely moderate. Principals only treated with.

FOR SALE---A 1388-ACRE FARM

About 1000 Acres of which is Ploughable Prairie of First-class Quality.

120 Head Cattle 1 pedigree Hereford Bull.
12 Horses.
Ploughs, Harrows, Reaper, Wagon, Sleds and usual Farm Implements.
Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies and gent's), Bridles, etc.
Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools.
9-Room House (shingle roofed; Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above; Stone Roothouse, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc.
7 Miles (about) Standing Fences, in good order; Corralls, &c.
Small Lot Household Furniture, Stove and Pipes, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, etc., etc.

This Property is within easy distance of many of the most important Gold, Silver and Coal Mines in West Kootenay. The soil is the best bottom land, and the locality is one of the few places in the Province where so large a piece of good farm land can be found in one block. A river runs through the property, and rainbow trout are plentiful and afford capital sport. Deer abound in considerable numbers. Bear, Wolf, Coyote and other large game are to be found in the hills. There are two creeks recorded and belonging to the estate, one flows all the year round. Limestone and brick clay are to be had in the valley.

The Cattle are well bred; a much larger herd could be farmed with the place. The bunch grass on the hills in the vicinity covers many thousands of acres, and is available to the few land owners in the valleys.

The Climate is not severe, the station was for many years the winter quarters of the H. B. Co.'s pack trains.

The Title is Crown Grant. Immediate possession can be given.

The South West Kootenay and Osoyoos Divisions of Yale District, British Columbia, judging from the actual ore products of the mines to date, are destined in the next year or two to be the richest and most important mineral centres in the world.

These localities are rapidly settling up and as farm land is limited great inducement is offered to any person or corporation having capital and knowledge necessary to develop and work these estates. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

P. O. BOX 188. TELEPHONE NO. 74.

IF YOUR TONGUE IS COATED YOU NEED THEM
ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES.
They are not a cure all, but are the best medicine known for Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from impure blood or sluggish liver.
25 CENTS A BOX.
Ask Your Druggist For Them.

WEATHER STRIPS
—FOR—
:—Doors and Windows.
Get them and save your coal.
J. P. BURGESS,
Carpenter and Builder'
10 Broughton Street.

NOTICE.
Yates Street, between Broad and Government Streets, is closed to public traffic.
E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
September 10, 1894. se11-tf

"Fire Insurance Policy Act, 1893."
NOTICE is hereby given that His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor in Council has further postponed the commencement of "An Act to secure Uniform Conditions in Policies of Fire Insurance," from the 1st day of April 1894, until the 1st day of April, 1895.
JAMES BAKER,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
29th March, 1894. fe10-td

MARVELOUS LINIMENT AND MIXTURE
Cures Rheumatism
—AND ALL KINDS OF—
SPRAINS, PAINS AND ACHES.
READ A FEW TESTIMONIALS.
Dean & Cryderman,
Victoria, British Columbia,
GENTLEMEN.—Was troubled with Rheumatism so bad I could hardly walk, and was cured by using your Marvelous Rheumatic Cure.
A. McNEILL,
New York Hotel.
Dean & Cryderman,
Victoria, British Columbia,
DEAR SIRS.—Had a bad sprained ankle, used Marvellous Liniment and was entirely cured in three days.
GEORGE SCHMIDT,
Steits' Restaurant.
Victoria, B. C., Jan. 17, 1893.
To Dean & Cryderman, druggists,
GENTLEMEN,—With much pleasure I add my testimony to your valuable Marvellous Rheumatic Cure. For three months I suffered terrible pain. Could not move only by the aid of two sticks. I have only taken two bottles of the medicine and two of the liniment, and I can now go without sticks, and hope after the third bottle to go to work.
Yours very thankfully,
S. NORMAN,
No. 48 Oswego street, corner Michigan street.
DEAN & CRYDERMAN
SOLE AGENTS,
Corner Yates and Broad Streets, no14 Victoria, B. C.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR
FOR FAMILY USE,
IS THE BEST IN THE MARKET.
Ask Your Grocer for It. Have No Other.
MANUFACTURED BY
Red Crown Roller Mills,
ALBANY, OREGON. au1

MATERNITY (ate Samaritan) Home, removed to larger premises, at 199 Johnson street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or to Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or to Mrs. Flumerfelt, Gorge Road. fe10

CHAS. HAYWARD,
Funeral Director & Embalmer
52 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.
★★
The largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

DENTISTS' NOTICE.
We, the undersigned Dentists of Victoria, agree to close our respective offices during Saturday afternoons after 1 o'clock throughout the year: A. C. West, A. R. Verrinder, W. J. Quinlan, T. J. Jones, Findley & Baker, S. G. Clemence, Lewis Hall, A. Humber, G. M. Hartman, H. P. Moody. no1-1m

STEAMERS AND SHIPS

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.
DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY FIVE days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf at 8 p.m.
Umatilla - - - - - Nov. 29
R. P. RITHET & CO.
mch26 Agents.

C. P. Navigation Co., Limited.
TIME TABLE NO. 24
Takes effect Sept. 1, 1894.
Vancouver Route:
Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday at 13.15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.
New Westminster Route:
LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 2 going east Monday.
For Plumper's Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby and Pender Islands—Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Sidney—Wednesday, at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 13.15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney—Thursday at 7 o'clock.
Northern Route:
Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.
Barclay Sound Route:
Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 1st and 15th of each month.
The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notice.
JOHN IRVING, Manager
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
Victoria, Sept. 1st, 1894.

GEO. A. SARGISON
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Accountant & Agent,
48 LANGLEY ST.

The Colonist.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1894.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY.
BY
THE COLONIST PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED LIABILITY.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. | A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Per year (postage free to any part of Canada) $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week (if delivered) 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per year (postage free to any part of the Dominion or the United States) ..... $ 2 00
Six months 1 25
Three months 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable *strictly in advance.*

ADVERTISING RATES:

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:

More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 60 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 40 cents.

Not more than one week, 30 cents.

No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted only for every-day insertion.

Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term.

Liberal allowance on yearly and half-yearly contracts.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil:—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.50

Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

BABY'S PHOTOGRAPH

IMPERIAL | COUPON No. 24 | STUDIO.

SIX COUPONS OF DIFFERENT NUMBERS AND 10 CENTS.

GOOD FOR

PARTS I TO 20 INCLUSIVE

NAME.....

P.O.....

Masterpieces from the Art Galleries of the World.

With three Coupons and 10 cents each part.

A WELCOME VISITOR.

There are many in British Columbia who will be pleased to learn that the Minister of Marine and Fisheries will soon be on his way to pay the Province a visit. Personal intercourse with the men engaged in salmon fishing and salmon packing, and inquiries made on the spot with respect to many things connected with those very important industries, will, we are satisfied, have the effect of doing away with many misunderstandings and of bringing about pleasanter relations than have for some time existed with the Marine and Fisheries Department. There is no reason in the world that there should be antagonism between the Department and the canners. The interests of both, when seen in the proper light, are identical. There can be no doubt that the Minister of Marine and Fisheries has no other object than to preserve the salmon fishery in all parts of the Province. This should be and we believe is the principal object of the great majority of the canners. They are much too shrewd and have too enlightened a regard for their own interests to permit or to practise modes of fishing that are really wasteful and calculated to destroy the productiveness of our waters. There have been some differences of opinion as to what are the best means to preserve the fish, but we do not think those differences are so many or so great that they cannot be adjusted satisfactorily to both the Department and the canners. We therefore bespeak for the Minister of Marine and Fisheries a cordial welcome to the Province. We cannot but believe that if he is met in the right spirit by the canners his visit will be productive of advantage to their industry.

The relations between the men interested in the sealing industry and the Department of Marine and Fisheries have been, as far as we know, most cordial. The Minister has always been most zealous in asserting the rights of British Columbia sealers and his exertions in furthering their claims have met with a large measure of success. Before the Paris Board of Arbitration Mr. Tupper (for he had not then won his title) was the able, untiring and most industrious advocate of British claims. Throughout the whole arbitration proceedings the Victoria sealers had no warmer friend or stauncher advocate than the Minister of Marine and Fisheries. What he was then he is to-day. We are very sure that Sir Charles H. Tupper will receive a hearty welcome from the sealing men of every class. He has worked hard for them and it is evident that he is determined to spare no labor in advancing their interests. We hope that Sir Charles will have a pleasant journey across the continent and that he will enjoy his visit to this maritime Province of the Pacific. It is to be regretted that he was not able to come at a more genial season, but he will have the opportunity of seeing the December roses of British Columbia and of comparing the winter weather on the Pacific Coast with that of Ottawa and Nova Scotia.

A GOOD BEGINNING.

The resolution moved by Capt. Irving on Tuesday is one of very considerable importance to the merchants and miners of this Province. The Yukon country is, from trading and mining points of view, a region of very great promise. Gold is found there in paying quantities and the development of its gold fields has only commenced.

It is well known, too, that there is more encouragement to trade in a community of miners than in settlements containing many times the population of farmers. The miners in the Yukon River country number only 1,500, yet Capt. Irving tells us that their trade amounts to $750,000 a year.

The country is somewhat difficult of access and the Americans are evidently bound to create artificial difficulties of intercourse with its population which are harder to overcome than those made by nature. But we find that by opening a new route, chiefly, as we understand it, through British territory, the distance can be diminished by nearly one-half. We believe that the Dominion Government ought to be stimulated to make this rich territory more accessible than it is. It is not as if they were asked to open a road to a new and uninhabited country, the resources of which are unknown. There is a very considerable population in the Yukon country already, which would soon be greatly increased if facilities of transport were afforded the energetic and enterprising searchers after gold. The country would yield a considerable and an immediate return in the shape of revenue and business for any expense that might be incurred in opening it up. That the Dominion Government are about to send a detachment of Northwest police to the country is proof that they have neither lost sight of the isolated community nor are neglectful of its welfare. If the resolution before the House on Tuesday is followed by other urgent representations it is very probable that the beginning so well made by Capt. Irving will have consequences important not to this Province alone, but to the whole Dominion. But it should not be forgotten the resolution is only the first step towards obtaining the route so badly needed. It should be followed, and that soon, by other and longer steps.

A COMPETENT CRITIC.

It will have to be admitted that compared with our local financiers of the Grit persuasion the moneyed men of Great Britain are a lot of blunderers and ignoramusses. The local solons say that Canada has gone so deeply in debt and is so reckless and improvident that it would be folly to lend her a single dollar, no matter how much she needs it or how fine a story she tells. The British men of money as soon as they know that Canada desires to borrow of them, put their hands deep in their pockets and offer five times as much as she asks for. The contrast between the Canadian calamity howlers, who for the most part find it difficult to get one dollar to rub against another, and the British capitalists whose business it is to lend money and consequently to weigh most carefully the credit of borrowers, actual and prospective, is most striking.

The London Times, which is allowed to be on financial matters pretty well posted, and whose word as to the solvency of a nation or a colony is heard with respect by the men on 'change, so far from blaming the English investors for lending money to Canada or for Canada on remarkably favorable terms, notices the latest Canadian loan in words that are highly commendatory. After mentioning the amount called for, and the sum subscribed and the rates offered, the great English journal goes on to say:

"This success has been obtained notwithstanding the fact that for the first time since 1888 the Dominion Budget this year showed a deficit. The expenditure exceeded the revenue by $1,156,620, and the Opposition in Canada have not been slow to formulate charges against the Government of gross extravagance and maladministration. Whether any Government is as absolutely economical as it might be is a point which must be left to experts to decide. The Conservative party in Canada has, on the whole, been able to justify its financial administration by an appeal to the charges on the public debt, which have not grown in proportion to the population, and by the fact that the falling off in revenue, which disturbed the balance of last year's budget, has been almost wholly in the customs, a condition of things due in part to the general depression which has affected all trade returns, and in part to the expectation of tariff revision which was forced upon the Government by the Opposition. The investing interests of this country are fortunately able to stand altogether outside the party politics of the colony. The Government of Sir John Thompson will be able to meet its critics with increased assurance as a consequence of the success of the London loan, but the confidence which has really been expressed is not so much in one party or one policy of the Dominion as in the essential soundness of Canadian finance and the prosperous future which lies before the colony."

This is no random utterance of an irresponsible or an ignorant scribbler. On the contrary, it is the carefully expressed opinion of a journal of the very hightest class, an opinion arrived at after careful inquiry and mature deliberation. The opinions of the Times on financial matters are all drawn up with the utmost care, for there are thousands who regard it as a reliable authority on matters of finance, and who in making their investments look to it for information and advice. As it has such a high opinion of Canada's credit and of the soundness of Canadian finance, the people of this country may listen with indifference or contempt to the senseless jabbering of partisan writers whose sole object is to gain a temporary triumph for the Opposition.

AN UNNECESSARY LETTER.

Mr. Dinsdale, contractor, has been a little too ready to rush into print. It will be quite time enough for him to defend himself when his work is criticised. The grounds for our remarks were the discussions in the City Council and the letters of respectable and intelligent correspondents. It could easily be seen from those discussions and letters that the way in which the lighting committee have gone to work is to say the least blundering and short sighted in the extreme. With respect to the mistake he thinks we have made he ought to know and most likely does know that in criticising a design the same expressions are used as in speaking of the finished structure. But this is a small matter.

It may not be out of place to go a little into detail in this matter of the electric light building and plant. The facts about the chimney are, as we are informed, that the William Hamilton Co., contractors for the machinery, wrote to the City Council to say that the chimney is not large enough and suggested that it be made 15 feet higher and 6 inches larger inside—that is instead of being 4 feet square inside it should be 4 feet 6 inches square. The extra cost of this would be $650 as reported by the architect to the Council. We hear that the Council decided not to make the alteration. Who is right? Then again, the alteration required for the pit and trenches is at a cost of $240. This extra expense has been incurred for the reason that proper dimensions were not given in the first place so that they could be included in the original contract, the fact that an enormous feed heater had to be placed there having evidently been lost sight of. Again, the grading down of the rock to the level of the floor of the engine room, the building of the wall on the harbor front, and filling in behind it, were bungled at an extra cost of $340 or so, whereas if the whole plan had been drawn out and tendered for in the first place the contract price ought to have been at least $500 less, or a total difference of $840. Again, as regards the height of the suction pipe of the condenser Mr. Hamilton states that the specification calls for a height of 12 feet, whereas there will be a height of 22 feet at low water, and that it will be necessary to connect it with the city main. Now, as 22 feet is a fair lift for a pump in good order and we have only one tide a day, we may fairly infer that the pipe from the city main "for auxiliary purposes," as Mr. Hamilton puts it, will be pretty constant in its operation. What then becomes of the high value put upon a water front position? The old Yates street site would have been certainly cheaper, and the waste condensing water would have been valuable for flushing the sewers.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a constitutional remedy. It cures catarrh. Give it a trial.

Dear Sirs.—I have used Yellow Oil for two or three years, and think it has no equal for croup. Mrs. J. S. O'Brien, Huntsville, Ont.

The first thing to do when cleaning up your house for the reception of your friends is to buy a "New Carpet." See our stock. Weiler Bros.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

AMUSEMENTS.

DON'T FORGET the concert and dance, under the auspices of Court Robin Hood 8100, A.O.F., to be held in Fairfield's hall, Victoria West, Thursday, the 29th November. Bantly Orchestra. Gents 50c., Ladies 25c. no27-3t

T. H. TYE & COMP'Y,

LATE MATTHEWS, RICHARDS & TYE.

HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL

and general supplies at prices to suit the times.
no25-6t

COAL. COAL.

BEST SCREENED WELLINGTON COAL

Ex MELROSE, is now being sold by

R. BRODRICK,

—AT THE—

OUTER WHARF.

ORDERS BY TELEPHONE No. 492A

Promptly filled.

Each Ton Delivered Guaranteed 2000 Pounds. no18 2w

W. T. DRAKE

supplies his customers as usual with

Best Coal at $7.00 per Ton.
no25 6t

MISCELLANEOUS.

USE

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures

Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for British Columbia.

WINDOW SHADES, CURTAIN POLES, POLE TRIMMINGS, LACES, FRINGES, ETC.

Color Books, with latest prices, sent on application to all reliable wholesale and retail dealers. | IMPERIAL SHADES, Superior to all Others.

MENZIE, TURNER & CO., 24 BAY STREET, TORONTO.

Hardware, Stoves, Tinware

R. J. NOTT

(SUCCESSOR TO McLENNAN & McFEELY)

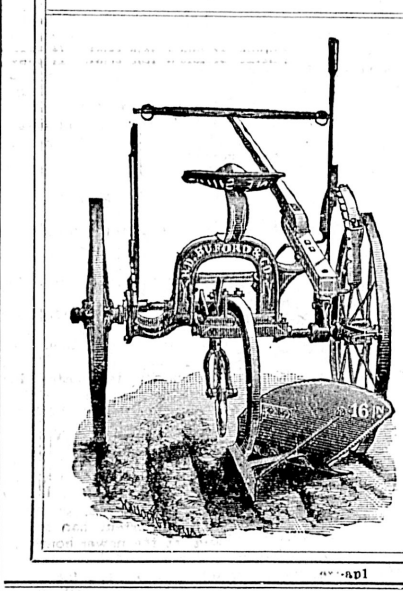
Has in stock a complete assortment of Builders' and Household Hardware, Stoves, Ranges, Oil Stoves, Mantels, Grates, Tiles, etc, etc., which will be sold at reasonable prices. An inspection is invited.

PLUMBING AND HEATING.

Estimates given for Plumbing, Heating and Tinning of every description and first-class work guaranteed.

Cor Government and Johnson Sts., Victoria Hotel Building.
no25-1m

PLOWS, HARROWS, SEEDERS



Buford Sulky Plows, 14 and 16 in. cut, $45.
Oliver Chilled Plows, From $6 and upwards.
Oliver Steel Plows, From $7 and upwards.
Essex Centre, Advance and Frost & Wood Plows.
Spring-Tooth, Disc and Drag Harrows.
Massey-Harris New Style Combined Hoe Drill and Spring-Tooth Broadcast Seeder.

E. G. PRIOR & Co
(LIMITED LIABILITY)
VICTORIA, VANCOUVER and KAMLOOPS

TO THE PUBLIC.

HAVE YOU SEEN OUR

FINE EXHIBIT

—OF—

STOVES AND RANGES?

GEO. POWELL & CO.,
CHEAPSIDE, 127 GOVERNMENT STREET.

GENTLEMEN, ATTENTION!

READ CAREFULLY THE FOLLOWING.

LADIES' WRITING DESKS

Make exceedingly appropriate and always acceptable presents. We are making a feature of these Desks in our stock. The designs of these articles are as artistic and pleasing as their materials and construction are choice and faultless. Desks like these are an inspiration to their fair possessors—silent educators in penmanship and composition. In our collection will be found many different styles in oak and other woods, highly finished in the natural colors, and done in elaborate and effective designs. Our Desks are an ornament to any room. So is everything else in our very large stock of Parlor and Bedroom Suites, Dining-room and kitchen furniture and miscellaneous pieces.

WEILER BROS.,
51 to 55 Fort Street.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

NOTICE.

THE HOTEL VICTORIA

Is now practically a new house, having been re painted and re-furnished from top to bottom.

MR. ESCALET

is prepared to make a specialty of

Banquet, Private Parties and Family Catering.

He having imported from England one of the finest Dinner Services on the Coast—"Doneson" rich gold and dark blue, complete for 20 people. Mr. Escalet superintends everything himself, and has one of the best chefs on the Coast.

MODERATE PRICES.
oc7-tf

QUEEN'S RESTAURANT

COR. JOHNSON AND STORE STS.
FORMERLY THE EMPIRE RESTAURANT,
NOW SERVES

The Best 25c. Meal in the City.

MEAL TICKETS, $4.00.

Meal Hours from..... .....6 a.m. to 8 p.m.

VOSS & PERRY, PROPS
se15

BUSINESS RESUMED

THORPE & CO'S

SODA WATER WORKS

Again in Full Operation,

Notwithstanding Fire.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Having purchased from Mr. S. F. McIntosh his coal and wood business, I am prepared to deliver to any part of the city

No. 1 Dry Cordwood at $3.50 per cord.
Best Wellington Coal at $7 per ton.

Terms, Spot Cash. Prompt and careful delivery. Full weight and measure guaranteed.

The above will be carried on in connection with my present business at the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, which will be known in future at the Rock Bay Coal, Wood and Lumber Yard.

Soliciting a share of your esteemed patronage, I remain, yours faithfully.

EWEN MORRISON.

Office and yard, end Rock Bay bridge, Mills, Sidney, B.C.
Telephone, 502. no6 1m

MUNICIPAL :: ELECTIONS

1895.

Householders' Qualification.

All persons wishing to qualify under the above qualification, as voters for the ensuing Municipal Elections for the year 1895, in accordance with Clause E of Section 37 of the Municipal Amendment Act, 1894, can do so by calling at the Assessor's Office, City Hall, and making the necessary declaration on or before the 30th day of November, instant.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Assessor.

City Hall, Victoria, B.C.
November, 1894. no7

PAPER CUTTER KNIVES

and KNIVES OF PLANING MACHNES up to 60 inches in length can be ground on an AUTOMATIC KNIFE GRINDING MACHINE in the Engine Room of The Colonist Office.

PARTIES DESIROUS

of fitting up their fire-places should call and examine our stock of : : : :

Grates and Hearth Tiles.

The largest variety and lowest prices in the city.

McKILLICAN & ANDERSON

Langley Street, corner Courtney.
no11-1m

FOR MONUMENTS

Head Stones and all kinds of Cemetery Work. The largest stock in the Province to select from. Do not buy from designs, which are deceiving. Address or call on

J. E. PHILLIPS,
no13-3mo 76 View St.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AUCTION SALES.

Nov. 30—Furniture. H. Cuthbert & Co.
Dec. 3—Furniture. G. Byrnes.

THE CITY.

THE naval officers intend giving a ball at the dockyard on December 7.

THE American consulate will be closed today, it being Thanksgiving day in the great republic.

THE date set for the annual charity concert arranged by the ladies of St. Andrew's (R.C.) cathedral is December 17.

ANOTHER of the pleasant series of evening parties under the auspices of the Victoria theatre orchestra will be held this evening in the A.O.U.W. hall on Yates street.

AT THE manse, 173 Pandora street, Rev. Dr. Campbell united in marriage last evening Erick A. Wickland, of Snohomish, and Cora Knutson, of Seattle. The bridesmaid was Clara Berglund, and the groomsman was Oscar Berglund, of this city.

THE Diocesan Literary and Scientific Society hold their first meeting of the season in Temperance hall, Pandora street, this evening. The principal item in the programme is a debate, the topic being "Protection vs. Free Trade for Canada."

THE school board yesterday opened tenders for printing the papers for the semi-annual school examinations. The contract was awarded to T. R. Cusack at seventy-five cents a subject. The board hold their next regular meeting on Friday at 8 p. m. in the police chambers, city hall.

YESTERDAY was one of the busiest days the city police court has known in months, for there were no fewer than fifteen cases on the list. Drunks, Indians in possession of intoxicants, and white men who had been guilty of supplying were in the great majority. There were also an assault case, several by-law cases, and a case of petty larceny. Robert Heighson, alias Losee, the thief, got one month at hard labor.

THE Victoria amateur minstrels whose three performances last week so greatly pleased all who had the opportunity of attending them, have decided to accede to the popular request and put on another minstrel show about the first Saturday after Christmas. New songs, new jokes, new business, and new and pretty stage effects will mark conspicuously this return engagement. On Saturday evening of this week the members of the company have a little private reunion and smoker in the Pioneer hall.

THE ladies of the Central Presbyterian church, James Bay, announce a novel and interesting entertainment for their next social, which takes place on Tuesday evening, the 11th of December, when, in addition to a good musical programme which is under preparation, Mr. William H. Wheeler, of Vancouver, will give an exhibition of the mystic art of ventriloquism. Mr. Wheeler is an amateur ventriloquist of very unusual ability, and has proved himself to be a very successful entertainer on the Mainland, so that his appearance in this city promises to be a very enjoyable event.

THERE will be an important meeting of the police commissioners to-day when Officer John Smith's reply to the charges preferred against him in connection weth the Cowan assault case at the outer wharf will come up for consideration. A much more important matter will be a charge laid against Sergeant H. A. Levin by G. C. Sauer, the sergeant being accused of serious misconduct while in uniform. It is also expected that the much discussed question of where the women of the demi-monde shall make their home will also come up for discussion. The police think that no better place for them could be had than lower Chatham street, where several have already rented premises.

FROM the family residence, Mount Newton hotel, South Saanich, and later from Christ Church cathedral, the funeral of the late Betsey Henderson took place yesterday, leaving the former place at 11 a. m. and the latter at 2:30 p. m. Rev. Mr. Christmas, the Church of England clergyman at Saanich conducted, service at the residence, and at the cathedral a second service was conducted by Rev. Canon Beanlands. The pall-bearers were: George Thomas, William Thompson, J. Hagan, Henry Simpson, J. Bryant and W. A. Judson. The deceased was relict of the late John Henderson and at the time of her demise was 61 years of age.

AS A NUCLEUS of the exhibit of minerals that is being made by the board of trade in their reading room some handsome specimens have been presented by Mr. F. W. Foster, of Clinton. One is a specimen of steel galena from the Lone Prospector mine on Mosquito flats It runs $200 in gold, 43 ounces in silver and 60 per cent. lead. Another is baryta or heavy spar from the Home Stake on Adams lake, running 100 ounces in silver, and there is also copper from the same mine averaging from 200 to 3 000 ounces in silver. Cinnabar from Copper creek, Sonoma, is also contributed by the same gentleman. Mr. F. H. Worlock has presented the board the first gold dust taken from Franklin creek, Alberni.

TO GUNNER AYTON and twelve other members of the Royal Marine Artillery the Ladies' Aid and Guild of St. Saviour's church owe in a great measure the success of their bazaar and entertainment in Fairall's hall, Victoria West, yesterday afternoon and evening. In the first place the artistic manner in which the hall had been decorated for the ladies' bazaar was due to the soldiers, while part two of the evening's programme was entirely under their charge and was handled to the satisfaction of all who were fortunate enough to hear it. Of course the Ladies' Aid and Guild's work in connection with the day's events showed off to good advantage, the former proving themselves excellent saleswomen—for nearly everything was sold—and the latter distinguished themselves in the musical part of the entertainment From 3 o'clock, when Mrs. Dewdney opened the bazaar, until the close of the evening's programme the various attractions were well patronized, and consequently a substantial sum was realized towards wiping out the debt on the new schoolhouse of the church. The first part of the programme rendered during the evening was as follows: Pianoforte solo, Miss Nicholson; song, Mr. A. E. Cave; song, Mr. Phillips; duet, Messrs. H. J. and A. E. Cave; song, Gr. Ayton.

THE private bills committee of the legislature meets to-day at 11 o'clock.

"THE Poetry of Browning" will be the subject of Mrs. A. T. Watt's lecture at St. Ann's academy this afternoon.

THE Victoria amateur minstrels have decided to visit Vancouver, provided a guarantee is given sufficient to cover expenses.

FERNWOOD lodge, C.O.O.F., is to give a concert and dance on the evening of December 13, at the Odd Fellows' hall, Spring Ridge.

A PARLOR social for the members and friends of the W.C.T.U. will be held this afternoon at the residence of Postmaster Shakespeare. A paper on "Our Schools" will be discussed.

DOG stealing has become epidemic in Victoria of late and several prosecutions are promised. Yesterday Mr. Frank R. Higgins laid an information in the city police court charging one Lepine with unlawfully detaining a fine setter belonging to him. The case is set for hearing to morrow.

A STEREOPTICON exhibition and lecture will be given by Postmaster Shakespeare next Monday evening in the Victoria West Methodist church, the entertainment being under the auspices and management of the newly established Epworth League of the church. There will be a good musical and literary programme.

MR. HARRY E. MORTON, well known in lacrosse circles, both in British Columbia and in the East, has taken to himself a bride, in the person of Miss Lydia Carter, the young people having outwitted all their friends, who were kept in entire ignorance of the matrimonial arrangements until called upon to extend congratulations. Mr. and Mrs. Morton are making the Clarence their home.

THE "Feast of Days" at the Metropolitan Methodist schoolroom was brought to a close last night, when there was a great gathering and a most enjoyable programme. The first number was an instrumental solo by Mrs. Drury; Mr. Agnew came next with a delightful guitar solo, and another instrumental solo by Miss Haines was well received. Miss Agnes Johnston's recitation received a well merited recall, the Misses Davie being next on the programme with a piano duet, and Fred. Richardson following with the Cockney carol, "Mrs. 'Enry 'Awkins," which was encored. Mrs. Johnson presided at the organ and gave every satisfaction. Rev. Solomon Cleaver announced the bazaar at a close and the audience joined in singing "God Save the Queen."

THE committee appointed at the recent meeting of dairymen of Victoria and vicinity, to interview the provincial government upon the subject of compensation for tuberculous cattle destroyed, have had a conference with the cabinet and will shortly report the result of the interview to a second general meeting of those interested. Premier Davie, while promising consideration to the representations of the deputation, pointed out that the matter was one which ought to be dealt with by the Dominion authorities. He suggested that it might perhaps do more harm than good if the provincial government were to interfere by taking steps which might have the effect of causing the Dominion authorities to postpone the action which, under the circumstances, it seems they should take.

THE concert by the Boys' Brigade of the Y.M.C.A. last evening, under the patronage of His Honor Lieut.-Governor Dewdney, Mrs. Dewdney, Lieut.-Col. Prior and Col. Peters, D.A.G., was a decided success. The programme, which was largely furnished by the Conservatory of Music, was of a high order and thoroughly appreciated; it opened with an exhibition of club swinging by Miss Murray, followed by Miss Sharpe, who sang in good voice one of Robert Louis Stevenson's nonsense songs called "Every Night." Mr. Sharpe then played the "Intesmezzo" from Cavilleria Rusticana by Mascagni, in splendid style, and was received with enthusiasm. Rev. S. Cleaver gave an excellent reading entitled "Push and Pull." A feature of the programme was a piano solo by Miss Walker, "Polonaise," by Chopin. Miss Sharpe then sang a Scottish air, which was thoroughly enjoyed, the programme being brought to a close with another selection on the violin by Mr. Sharpe.

PERSONAL

Rev. W. W. Baer is in town.

Frank H. Pierce, of Vancouver, is in the city.

E. J. and Mrs. McFeeley returned from the Mainland last night.

Mrs. Cuthbert was a passenger from the Sound yesterday morning.

J. H. Whittome and bride, of Duncan, are among the guests at the New England.

A. W. Pearse, Alberni; John Mahrer, Nanaimo; and H. B. French, Mission; are at the New England.

L. H. Mershon and wife, Vancouver; and W. J. Martin, Seattle; are among the arrivals at the Driard.

John L. Penney, D. W. Gillies, and Max Leiser were among the arrivals from Vancouver by last night's steamer.

H. Connacher, Gananoque; D. Mainguy, Chemainus; and Miss Mitchell, Gananoque; are registered at the Oriental.

Bishop Perrin had a quiet day yesterday; he is still very weak and requires absolute rest, but his symptoms are favorable.

Dr. I. W. Powell, E. V. Bodwell and C. A. Holland were among the Victorians arriving home by last night's Mainland boat.

Dr. Walkem, M.P.P., left again this morning for Nanaimo, in consequence of the continued illness of his child, who is in a precarious condition.

H. D. Helmcken, M.P.P., arrived back from England via New York, yesterday. Mrs. J. D. Helmcken and Mrs. G. A. McTavish met him at Tacoma and were passengers home with him by the City of Kingston.

Strong Tweed Working Pants $1.25 at Marks, 8 Store Street.

Fruit jars, at Cheapside.

DOMESTIC V. FOREIGN.

Mercado Cohen Tells the Reasons Why a Domestic "Bit" Cigar Is Superior to An Imported Cigar at the Same Price.

Many will remember the attractive display of domestic cigars at the exhibition made by Mercado Cohen, proprietor of the Cuban Cigar Factory, and those who made a test of their quality will also remember the pleasure the smoking of the cigars gave to them. A representative of this paper called on Mr. Cohen the other day in the way of business, and found him and his staff of workmen busily engaged in making the cigars for which he has gained so excellent a reputation. While smoking a "Primero" it struck the writer that a cigar of such excellent quality should have a large sale, and this thought was suggested to Mr. Cohen. He replied that while he had a fair demand for his goods it was not anything like it ought to be.

"As a matter of fact," he said, "the cigar which we make and which is sold for ten cents or a 'bit' is much superior to the imported cigar retailed at the same figure. Anyone who will think for an instant over the circumstances will readily acknowledge that we are in a position to produce this result. The duty imposed on imported cigars is $2 50 per pound and 25 per cent. ad val., which adds to the original cost per 1 000 from $40 to $50. We get in our tobacco free of duty, and the inland revenue chasges are only $6 per thousand. This leaves an average of about $35 per 1,000 in our favor.

"Now," queried Mr. Cohen, "is it not reasonable to conclude that we can put much better tobacco in our cigars and yet sell at as low a figure as the imported cigar brings?"

Being still possessed of a small amount of discernment, the writer answered in the affirmative.

"I import all my tobacco direct from Havana," continued Mr. Cohen. "I have been in the cigar making line in Havana, in New York, and on a large scale in San Francisco. I know where the best tobacco is to be secured, and I know also that I receive it here. If the citizens of Victoria and the Province generally would only take the matter into consideration, they would readily see that the immense amount annually sent out of the country for cigars might as well be kept at home, and a better article provided for them to smoke. Instead of employing five men in my business, I could as well furnish fifty men with work, for the market can take all the cigars they would make. But it seems to be a superstition with the great majority of people that a cigar put up with a local factory's name on, must necessarily be an inferior article, whereas in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred the reverse is the case, for the imported cigar is the poorer of the two."

Continuing Mr. Cohen said: "In Victoria the union rate of wages is paid, while the largest factories in Montreal have few first class hands in proportion to the army of girls and boys employed. In San Francisco and Havana, however, the wages paid are as high as in Victoria. Therefore we are on an equal footing in that respect; but the high duty charged, as remarked before, places the Victoria factory in a position where it can and does put finer tobacco into cigars. Instead of the imported cigar box being a sign that the article contained therein is good, it is a fact that the domestic box is evidence that the cigar is a better article. Anyone who will take the two cigars and compare their flavor fairly will be compelled to acknowledge this."

Mr. Cohen hoped the smokers of Victoria would do away with their prejudice and give the home article a fair trial. If they would but do this he would be satisfied. By their doing so he believed the domestic cigar would have a much greater sale, a larger number of men could be employed and the business of the province would thereby be increased.

ARC SYSTEM REMODELLED.

Victoria Electric Co. Installing Wood's Patent Machines and New Arc Lamps.

To keep thoroughly abreast of the times the Victoria Electric Light Co. are remodelling their arc system and in a few days the new plant will be in working order. This has special interest from the fact that the new machinery and lamps are the Wood patent, the same as the city is putting in for the new street lighting system. In the first place the company have a 50 light Wood arc machine of the very latest pattern with a patent regulator. This contrivance acts altogether automatically, regulating the current according to the number of lamps with perfect accuracy. For instance, hitherto when lights on a circuit were turned off or on, the current had to be regulated by hand at the power house to suit the change. The new machine by an ingenious arrangement of bobbins and wheels at once shifts the brushes either to increase or decrease the current as required. Then the company are putting in 1200 candle power lamps to replace the old 800 candle power ones now in use. Linesmen have been at work also rebuilding the lines, and in two or three days the new plant will be ready to start up.

Mr. Hutcheson, the manager, explained that the new lamps, which are also the Wood pattern, have a switch on top to cut off the current so as to allow of a lamp being changed or repaired with perfect safety to the workmen. Each lamp has a clutch feed regulator which automatically keeps the carbons at the proper distance and it works so perfectly that the sputtering or flickering noticed in the old ratchet feed lamps is done away with, and a perfectly steady light is the result. Another very desirable change is that instead of turning off the lights at midnight they will be run every night and all night in future.

The company intend in the near future also to entirely remodel their incandescent light system and put in a new steam plant. The new machinery will be placed in the large addition of the powerhouse hitherto simply used as a storehouse; the partition between it and the present powerhouse will be taken out and the floor lowered to make one large room.

Hood's Cured After Others Failed

Scrofula in the Neck—Bunches All Gone Now.

Sangerville, Maine.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:
"Gentlemen:—I feel that I cannot say enough in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla. For five years I have been troubled with scrofula in my neck and throat. Several kinds of medicines which I tried did not do me any good, and when I commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla there were large bunches on my neck so sore that I could not bear the slightest touch. When I had taken one bottle of this medicine, the soreness had gone, and before I had finished the second the bunches had entirely disappeared." BLANCHE ATWOOD, Sangerville, Maine.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal

WE PROPOSE VING EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS

To buyers next month as we intend to clear out over

$10,000

worth of Jewelry, Etc., before the end of the year.

OUR SALE

—WILL BEGIN ON—

SATURDAY, Dec. 1, '94.

And will continue throughout the month. This will be one of the Greatest Jewelry Sales ever held in the Province, and genuine bargains will be offered in every line.

DAVIDSON BROS.,

The Jewellers, 59 Government St.

8014

150,000

INDIAN CIGARS

Direct from the well-known firm of Spencer & Co., Dindigul, Southern India.

Trichinopolys | Torpedos.
Randolphs. | Javas.

At reasonable prices.

MORRIS,

LEADING TOBACCONIST,

COLONIST BLOCK.

no17

JUBILEE HOSPITAL BOARD.

The Retiring President of Ladies' Auxiliary Thanked for Past Services—Accounts for the Month Passed.

At the meeting of the Jubilee hospital board last evening there were present, Mr. Joshua Davies, Messrs. G. H. Brown, D. M. Eberts, I. Braverman, J. L. Crimp, Thos. Shotbolt, John Braden, A. Wilson, W. M. Chudley and J. S. Yates. Hardly was the meeting called to order when Mr. H. D. Helmcken, just home from his trip to England, made his appearance and a temporary recess was taken as the members heartily greeted their colleague on his return home from his travels.

The visiting committee for the month reported on various matters and stated that the hospital was found in a satisfactory condition. Report adopted.

The treasurer reported accounts for October of $1,250 54, and the pay sheet for the same month $570.15. The accounts are to be paid if found correct

The secretary of the ladies' auxiliary reported that Mrs. G. A. McTavish had tendered her resignation as president and that for the ensuing year Mrs. Charles Hayward had been elected president and Mrs. A. J. Smith secretary. Received and filed, the secretary being instructed to write expressing the thanks of the board to Mrs. McTavish for past services.

The meeting was a very short one, and the usual routine business being dealt with the board adjourned at a quarter to nine.

RECEIVED THIS DAY...

MONDAY, NOV. 26, 1894,

12-PACKAGES-12

—CONTAINING—

Misses and Children's Jackets,

ALSO New Styles in Capes,

Waterproofs, Jackets, Etc.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

THE WESTSIDE.

ESTABLISHED 1862.

NEW GOODS

JUST ARRIVED DIRECT FROM EUROPE

English Oak and E. P. Ware. | Fine French Carriage Clocks.
Travelling Bags, with Sterling Silver Fittings. | Barometers for either House or Ship Use

—A LARGE INVOICE OF—

ENGLISH HALL MARKED STERLING SILVER WARE and NOVELTIES

Suitable for Christmas Presents, now on the way. Will arrive at the end of November.

C. E. REDFERN,

43 GOVERNMENT STREET. [no22 de31] 3 DOORS FROM BROUGHTON

HANG WO HING KEE,

Importers and dealers in

Chinese and Japanese Fancy Goods

NO. 31 CORMORANT STREET,

P.O. BOX 837. no20 VICTORIA, B.C.

GOLF-BALLS

OF THE BEST MAKE

Just Received .... Direct from Scotland.

New Stock of

HEINTZMAN PIANOS and ESTEY ORGANS..

Also Just to Hand.

Sheet Music Given Away

For every $1.00 spent with us.

M. W. WAITT & CO.,

64 GOVERNMENT STREET.

WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

Twenty-one Below Zero—Sandbagged at St. Boniface—Slight Accident to the Express.

WINNIPEG, Nov. 28.—(Special)—To-day's train from the Pacific was twelve hours late, being delayed by a slight accident near the mountains and stormy weather.

The thermometer registered 21 below zero this morning.

A man named Felix Deguet was sandbagged in St. Boniface last week, and now lies at the hospital in a precarious condition.

The municipal candidates are cropping up as election day approaches. Ald. Gilroy is difinitely out for the mayoralty and will probably be elected.

A man named Hawkley, formerly a Barnardo boy, accidentally fell in a deep well at Regina and was drowned.

THE Charmer brought no Eastern mail last night, the Pacific express being several hours late in reaching Vancouver.

Tweed Pants made to order, $2.00, Marks, 8 Store Street.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Some people laugh to show their pretty teeth. The use of Ivory White Tooth Powder makes people laugh more than ever. It's so nice. Price 25c. Sold by druggists.

At Last.

Bass' XXXX English Ale has arrived at the Occidental again and is now on tap.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS

The winter will soon be here and it is well to be provided with good warm UNDERWEAR. We have it all weights and prices. We have just opened out a case of Boys' Underwear in three qualities, all sizes from 1 to 6. Small sizes 40 cents; larger, for boys of 12 to 14 years, 50 cents each. Another line all wool, good heavy goods, 75 and 90 cents each. All sizes in stock.

In Boys' CAPE OVERCOATS we are showing a big range at popular prices—$3.25, $3.50 and $4.00—good long capes, all new goods.

BOYS' MACKINTOSHES for boys from six years old up.

MEN'S FULL DRESS SUITS equal to custom made.

Dress Suits to hire, all sizes

Gilmore AND McCandless

Nos. 35 and 37 Johnson Street.

PULMONIC COUGH CURE

An unfailing remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, &c.

PREPARED ONLY BY

HALL & CO. THE CENTRAL DRUG STORE

Clarence Block, Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

First Session of the Seventh Parliament.

TENTH DAY.

WEDNESDAY, November 28, 1894.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 p.m.

Petitions relating to Sabbath observance were presented by Hon. Mr. Turner and Mr. McPherson.

SUPREME COURT JUDGES.

MR. WILLIAMS moved "That the government should introduce legislation for the purpose of enforcing the residence of a Supreme court judge at Vancouver." In support of the motion he spoke of the inconvenience experienced in Supreme court affairs in Vencouver on account of there being no judge of that court resident there.

HON. MR DAVIE said that unfortunately though the legislature had been working in the direction named for many years, the effort has so far been unsuccessful, the judges of the Supreme court having in the exercise of their right to reside anywhere within their jurisdiction, constantly gravitated towards Victoria. He reviewed the steps taken to ensure the residence of the Supreme court judges in different parts of the province, before and at the time of the creation of the separate judicial district of Vancouver, and showed the difficulties which have prevented the carrying out of the evident desire of the legislature. It is difficult, he said, to see just how the house can deal with the matter unless it decides to divide the Supreme court jurisdiction so as to deprive a judge named for one part of the right to act in another, but he doubted whether such a step would ever be taken, as he fancied the house would be found to be of the opinion that a judge of the Supreme Court of British Columbia should be, as this title would imply, a judge having jurisdiction in any part of the province. In fact the present difficulty arises in part from the division of the judicial district of Westminster when that of Vancouver was created, for Mr. Justice McCreight naturally holds that since he is named to act at New Westminster and not at Vancouver he should not be expected to sit at the latter city, and indeed practically refuses to do so, though for a great part of the time residing there. The case of the Supreme court judges is pretty much like that of those of the County court, who have the privilege of residing anywhere within their jurisdiction—and the County court judge for Yale, for instance, cannot be compelled to reside at Kamloops if he chooses to stay at Vernon and claims that he can better discharge his duties from there. He showed that the business of the court of appeal necessitates the attendance of all the judges at Victoria from time to time, no matter where they may permanently reside, and he did not quite agree that the situation of Vancouver with respect to this matter is quite so embarrassing as stated by the mover. He thought that at the present time the judicial needs of that district are fairly well attended to by the weekly sittings of the court, for the purposes of which a judge regularly goes to Vancouver, remaining if possible until the business is disposed of. No doubt there is sometimes inconvenience, on account of unfavorable weather or other unavoidable circumstances delaying the judge, or the necessity of his remaining in attendance at the full court in Victoria, but Westminster is exposed to similar inconveniences when Mr. Justice McCreight has to absent himself for this purpose, and even if there were two or three judges resident at Vancouver inconveniences such as mentioned would occasionally be met with. Just now, for instance, there is but one judge in Victoria, all the rest being engaged upon the mainland. However, the government are fully alive to the desirability of making some arrangement satisfactory to all parties, and as the result of consideration now being given to the subject he thought he would be able within a short time to lay before the house a proposition which would have a bearing upon the resolution proposed by the senior member for Vancouver. He therefore suggested that the matter should stand over for the present.

MR. WILLIAMS said he would accept this suggestion.

MR. SWORD moved the adjournment of the debate until Wednesday next. Agreed to.

LEGAL PROFESSIONS BILL.

HON. MR. DAVIE moved the second reading of the legal professions bill; and he proceeded to speak in explanation of it.

MR. SEMLIN objected that the bill was not on the order paper.

THE SPEAKER explained that, as would be seen in the Votes and Proceedings, printed and on the members' desks, the bill was read a first time yesterday and ordered for second reading at this sitting; and it was only by oversight that it did not appear on the order paper.

HON. MR DAVIE, the leader of the opposition still objecting, said he had no objection to deferring the second reading for a day.

Motion accordingly withdrawn.

REVISION OF STATUTES.

HON. MR DAVIE, on motion to adopt the report of committee on the bill authorizing a revision of the statutes, moved an amendment providing that it shall be left to the decision of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council whether the statute law of England applicable to this province shall be incorporated as suggested.

Report adopted; bill read a third time and passed.

SUPPLY.

On motion of Hon. Mr. Turner the house went into committee of supply, Mr. Eberts in the chair. The resolution "That supply be granted to Her Majesty" was reported, and the report was adopted, the committee to sit again next Monday.

SMALL DEBTS BILL.

HON. MR DAVIE, on consideration of the report from committee on the small debts bill, moved the following amendment: "The magistrate may allow a fee, not to exceed ten dollars, to any duly qualified barrister or solicitor, as costs against the unsuccessful party, but where less than $10 is recovered the plaintiff shall recover no barrister or solicitor's costs."

A long discussion took place on the general subject of allowing counsel fee in cases such as the bill deals with and whether or not it should be allowed to other than qualified solicitors, and the amendment was finally lost on division. The report was then adopted.

WORKMEN'S WAGES.

The house again went into committee on the workmen's wages bill, Mr. Adams in the chair. After considerable progress the committee reported.

The house adjourned at 5:45 p.m.

NOTICE OF MOTION.

Mr. Kellie—That this house do resolve itself into a committee of the whole to consider the following resolution: That in the opinion of this house it is advisable in the interest of the development of the mineral resources of this province that a mining bureau and a school of mines be established.

Gentlemen's Fine Shoes in lace or gaiter $1.50. Marks, 8 Store Street.

Drink Victoria-Phœnix Lager Beer.

WILL SOON BE READY.

THE COLONIST

Christmas Number

1894

WILL CONTAIN

"One Day's Courtship," (about 20 pages)—A Canadian Story, by . . . . Robt. Barr ("Luke Sharp")
"The Shade of Helen"—A Story of the Supernatural, by . . . . . Francis Morrison
"Le Loup Garou"—A French-Canadian Tale, by . . . . . Clifford Smith
"The Passing of Baggs the Club Man," by . . . . . Margaret Harvey
"Why Johnnie Went Back," by . . . . . E. E. Sheppard
Poems and Other Features, by . . . . J. W. Bengough, Jas. A. Tucker, Keppel Strange and many others

Profusely Illustrated by clever artists. IT WILL ALSO CONTAIN AN ARTICLE DESCRIPTIVE OF VICTORIA AND ITS COMMERCE.

TWO LOVELY PICTURES IN COLORS.

"CHARMED BY THE SONG BIRD" AND "PLAY MATES."

TOGETHER WITH

Full Page Photogravure of the New Dominion Government Public Buildings

Will also be given with the number, the whole forming one of the best and most attractive Holiday Numbers ever put on the market It will be just the kind of Number to send abroad to friends as a reminder that they are still remembered, and as an advertisement of Victoria you cannot get anything that will prove more acceptable. The Number with accompanying pictures has been fixed at the moderate price of

FIFTY CENTS PER COPY

Ready for mailing, if desired. Orders may be left at The Colonist Office and at various Bookstores and News Stands. Order early so that you may not be disappointed.

SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

The "City of Puebla" Establishes a New Record Between This Port and California.

Cutter "Richard Rush" Off for the West Coast—The "Victorian" May Come Here.

All records between British Columbia and San Francisco were demolished yesterday by the flyer of the Pacific Coast Steamship Co.'s fleet, the City of Puebla (Captain Debney), which tied up at the ocean dock at exactly five minutes to twelve noon. She left the Golden Gate city at 9 50 o'clock on Monday morning, being, therefore, fifty hours and five minutes on the trip from dock to dock. The establishment of this new record—which is a cut of about forty minutes under her former best time—was entirely unpremeditated, and was in a great measure the result of a strong following breeze which she had with her the greater part of the way. "We had to come along," said one of the ship's officers yesterday, "for we had no sooner got out to sea than we picked up a full gale from the southeast before which we fairly flew." Chief Engineer Nixon now commands the Puebla's engine room, having only just been appointed to the position this year. To see the California steamer inside Race Rocks before noon is something very unusual, and it naturally occasioned considerable talk along the waterfront yesterday, where the record-breaking feat was the chief subject of conversation. The steamer brought to Victoria little more than 80 tons of miscellaneous cargo, and but three saloon passengers—H Connacher, George Jackson, and William McNutt.

TO SEARCH FOR THE "IVANHOE"

The U. S. revenue cutter Rush, sent from San Francisco to search for any traces of the wrecked ship Ivanhoe, reached Port Townsend yesterday, and after taking in fuel will sail for the north end of Vancouver Island to day. Capt. Hooper will call in at all the settlements along the coast seeking for information of the missing coal ship, and will make diligent inquiries for fresh wreckage. Capt. Hatfield of Seattle accompanies the Rush. Capt. Hooper thinks that though there may be no survivors from the Ivanhoe, he may be able to ascertain the cause of the loss of the vessel. The Rush will probably be absent for a month.

MAY COME HERE AGAIN.

The elegant steamer Victoria, well known as one of the fastest and most palatial steamers in Pacific waters, is being handsomely refitted with the object, it is said, of replacing the Rosalie on the Victoria-Puget Sound run. She has now established herself as a speedier boat than even the Flyer and would, it is claimed, if put on the route suggested, make the run in much less time than even the reliable Kingston.

MARINE NOTES.

The Empress of India left Hongkong for this port yesterday.

The Lorne left for Departure Bay at midnight to tow to sea the ship Yosemite, coal laden for San Francisco.

The ship Oriental is loading in Departure Bay. She will be ready for sea about the end of the week.

ENTERED.

Str. Charmer.....from Vancouver.
" City of Kingston.... " Port Townsend.
" Rosalie..... " Port Townsend.
" City of Puebla..... " San Francisco.
" Princess Louise..... " N. Westminster.
" Evangel..... " Port Angeles.

CLEARED.

Str. Charmer..... for Vancouver.
" City of Kingston... " Port Townsend.
" Rosalie..... " " "
" City of Puebla..... " " "
" Princess Louise..... " N. Westminster.
" Evangel..... " Port Townsend.

LIGHT.

TO THE EDITOR:—I crave a small space in your valuable paper to "throw a little light" on the B.C. farmers that our M's.P.P. and city folks generally may see them in a true light. The B C. farmers have always been pictured by our M's.P.P. and others as of a mossy hue. Now there seems to be a tendency to go a little further and to picture them as paupers that require a poor law system. Now, as a farmer, I protest that this is going a little too far.

We so often read of the large shipments of farm produce being brought into the province and hear our M's.P.P. and others bewail because of the large sums of money that are annually sent out of the country therefor. But are the farmers to blame for this state of things, and are they an idle, shiftless lot as pictured? I say no! I point to the hundreds of miles of public roads which compare favorably with many of the city streets, and to the hundreds of bridges and wharves, and would ask who built them and keep them in repair—who earned that two million dollars paid out for public works? Was it not the farmers?

Is it just to suppose that a farmer can be employed on public works and attend to a farm at the same time? Is there any wisdom in a man putting in a crop and then packing his blankets and tent and going a number of miles away, to be absent six days in the week for six months in the year? Again I say, no! Many have tried it and found it a dead loss. There are too many deer, cattle, bluejays and grouse about to leave a crop or young fruit trees even for a day. Farmers have found, often by dearly bought experience, that it pays best to raise enough hay for winter feed for their stock, and when they leave in the spring to work on the roads, to turn their calves with the cows and let them run at large. The stock can get their own feed eight months in the year and part of it in the other four, so there is little or no expense. What is made is nearly clear profit.

Now, the farmers have been educated in this way ever since this was a province. The young have been reared in it, and if they follow in the footsteps of their fathers, is it any wonder? In early days there were two systems to choose from, viz, to get the farms started and under cultivation and then build good roads, or to build the roads first and then attend to the cultivation of the land afterwards. The last named system was chosen as best suited to the wants and conditions of the settlers. If our legislators are not satisfied with the results, let them change the system or devise means whereby farmers can be educated to remain on their farms the year round. Let them try to educate the city folks up to using home-grown produce and paying a price therefor that will leave a profit to the farmers.

If we want all the money kept in the province and circulating between the cities and country we must learn to know each other better and patronize one another. If each farmer had the roads around his own place to look after it might help to keep him at home, and tend in the direction our legislators desire him to go in. If each M. P. P. would only follow the Premier's example in one respect it might also help in the right direction, viz, "to use only what is produced in the province when it can be had."

FARMER.

A PECULIAR INSCRIPTION.

TO THE EDITOR:—I enclose you a peculiar inscription which I engraved upon a tombstone four years ago at Crewe, Cheshire, England. This is perfectly correct and if you refer to the Mayor of Crewe or any other high official, and my statement is false I will forfeit fifty dollars. I thought it might be of interest to your paper; I have others but none so peculiar as this:

"Here continueth to rot the body of Francis Henry Cordeleon, Esq, who with an inflexible constancy, and an unswerving uniformity of purpose, persisted, in spite of years and accumulating infirmities, in the practice of every known human vice except prodigality and hypocrisy. His insatiable avarice exempted him from the first, whilst his unblushing and matchless impudence prevented the second. He was not more singular in the undeviating depravity of his manners, than he was in accumulating wealth; for, without trade or profession, without trust of public money, and without bribe or worthy service, he acquired or more properly created a palatial estate. He was the only person of his time who could cheat without wearing the mask of honesty, and could lie without wishing to appear to be speaking the truth. He retained his primeval meanness when possessed of ten thousand a year and having daily deserved the gibbet for what he did, he was at last condemned to it for what he could not possibly do. Oh! indignant reader, think not that his life was useless to mankind, providence connived his execrable designs, to give to after ages a conspicuous proof, showing in how small estimation is exorbitant wealth, held in the sight of God, by bestowing it upon this, the most unworthy of all his creatures."

F. T. MOSSFORD.

MR DINSDALE EXPLAINS.

TO THE EDITOR:—In a leading article on the electric light power house in the COLONIST of the 25th instant you state that "The chimney, we are told, is not properly built." It is quite true that the chimney is not properly built, for at the date of writing the article it was not even begun. This being so, I fail to see how either the workmanship or supervision can be at fault as stated.

ROBT. DINSDALE,
Contractor.

For Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Cramps, Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery and Summer Complaint, Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is a prompt, safe and sure cure that has been a popular favorite for over 40 years.

REGARDING THE WATERSHED.

Ald. Munn Bulletins Notice of An Important Resolution in This Connection.

Ald. H. A. Munn yesterday bulletined the following notice of a resolution to be brought before the city council at its next regular meeting—to be held on Monday evening:

"I hereby give notice that at the next meeting of the city council I shall move the following:

"Whereas a loan of $150,000 on the credit of the lands and improvements of the city has been authorized for the purpose of extending and improving the corporation waterworks;

"And whereas the purchase of 1,600 acres of the watershed of Elk and Beaver lakes at a cost of $80,000 is contemplated by the council in connection with said improvement;

"And whereas it is estimated by competent valuators that the cost of the 1,600 acres aforesaid will greatly exceed $80,000, and will not be less than $125,000 before the purchase is completed;

"And whereas the acquiring of the said lands will not purify the water nor make either the odor or the taste more agreeable;

"Therefore be it resolved that the council rescinds all former instructions to the Water Commissioner and hereby requests the said Water Commissioner not to proceed with the purchase of lands surrounding Elk and Beaver lakes, excepting such portions as may be sufficient to enable the Commissioner to clean up the borders of the said lakes and to enclose them with a fence, until such time as filter beds have been completed and all other necessary steps taken to ensure a cleaner and more wholesome supply of water during 1895 than the citizens are at present obtaining."

AUTHORS' COPYRIGHT.

Walter Besant Says That the Canadian Proposition Will Work Mischief on the English Speaking World.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The Daily News endorses Mr. Besant's speech at the colonial office yesterday, and advises the government to consider well the strong case presented by him. Mr. Besant said: "The question is a most serious one for authors. The American act has already borne great fruits for American authors who have shown increased vitality and strength since they have been able to compete on fair terms with English writers. Moreover, when the new conditions become thoroughly established the English authors will find their best audience in the United States. However, if Canada passes a separate act the old miserable game of cheap reprints vying with others will begin again. The American act will be torn to pieces and piracy will be resumed. Then American authors will be compelled to fall back on the unfair conditions preceding 1891. Worse still, all the old bitterness will come back and the reprisals will be revived. Briefly, the question is this: Ought a country with 5,000,000 inhabitants to be allowed to wreck this mischief on the English speaking world of 120,000,000, merely that a few of its publishers may enrich themselves by underselling the Americans?"

NOTICES.

High School Entrance Examination.

The Semi-Annual Examination of applicants for entrance to a High School will be held in the High School Building, Victoria, commencing at 9 a.m. on December 4th.

Candidates must be punctual.

S. D. POPE,
Superintendent of Education.

Education Office,
Victoria, November 23rd, 1894. no25

STR. DELTA

Victoria-Whatcom Route, via Roach Harbor, Friday Harbor, Orcas Island and way ports. Leaves Victoria Saturdays, at 2 p.m. Lewis Hanspates, master. For freight or passage apply to our agents, McLachlan Bros., 22 Yates street, agents. no22 1m

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership hitherto existing between D. R. Harris and N. P. Snowden, under the firm name of Lowenberg, Harris & Co, has been dissolved as from the 23rd ultimo. The business will be continued under the old firm of Lowenberg, Harris & Co. by D. R. Harris as from that date. D. R. HARRIS.
Victoria, B.C., Nov. 23, 1894. no24-4t

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1,000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
133 Government Street.
private entrance on Pandora Street. oc18

ASSIGNEE'S SALE—Sealed tenders at a rate on the dollar are invited for the purchase of the Stock-in-trade and Book debts of the firm of James McDonald & Co., furniture dealers, Nelson, B C. Lot one consisting of Parlor, Dining and Bed room sets, and general furniture, now in Nelson B.C., and amounting at invoice prices, with freight added, to $1,021. Lot two, Book Debts amounting to about $10,900. Tenders will be received up to 2 p.m. of Monday, the 10th day of December, 1894, addressed to the undersigned. Stock sheets may be seen at the office of J. J. Banfield Esq, 411 Cordova St., Vancouver, or the undersigned. Terms, 10 per cent. by marked cheque to accompany each tender, 15 per cent. on completion of sale, and the balance at 3, 4 and 5 months approved paper, with interest at 10 per cent. per annum. No tender necessarily accepted. For further particulars apply to W. A. Jowett, Assignee, Nelson, B.C., or to John Elliot, Vendor's Solicitor, Nelson, B.C. no22-6t

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia at its next session for an Act to revive the "Pacific Telephone and Cable Act, 1893," and to amend the said Act by extending the time for the commencement and completion of the undertaking authorized by the said Act and otherwise.

Dated at Victoria, the 12th day of October, 1894.

C. DUBOIS MASON,
oc13-6w Solicitor for Applicants.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date we intend to make application to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described lands:—Commencing at a post on beach marked "British Columbia Canning Co'y Ltd. N.W. Corner," on the shore of River's Inlet, in a bay known as Shotbolt's Bay, thence 15 chains south, thence 30 chains east, thence 15 chains north, thence following beach to post or starting point.

British Columbia Canning Co. Ltd, by their Agents, p. pro FINDLAY, DURHAM & BRODIE.
MATTHEW T. JOHNSTON.
River's Inlet, B.C., Nov. 7, 1894. no18-1m

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date we intend to make application to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described lands: Commencing at a post on beach marked "British Columbia Canning Co'y, Ltd., N.E. corner," on the south shore of River's Inlet, in a cove about one and a half miles from the cannery known as Victoria Cannery, thence 5 chains south, thence 10 chains east, thence 5 chains north, thence following beach to post or starting point. British Columbia Canning Co., Ltd. By their agents, p. pro FINDLAY, DURHAM & BRODIE.
MATTHEW T. JOHNSTON.
River's Inlet, B.C., Nov. 17, 1894. no18-1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that we intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at ist next session for a transfer of the license issued to us to sell liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Germania Saloon, situated on the northwest corner of Government and Johnson streets, in the City of Victoria, to Robert Rither.

Dated this day the 21st of November, 1894.
no22-30d LOEWEN & ERB.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners in and for the City of Victoria, at its next sitting, for a transfer of my retail liquor license to sell wines, spirits and other liquors at the premises known as the Albion Saloon, situate on the northwest corner of Yates street and Waddington Alley, in the City of Victoria, to Henry Hutber and Charles Dixon, both of the City of Victoria.

Dated the 7th day of November, 1894
no7-de12 HENRY HARRIS.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Licensing Board at its next sitting for a transfer to Phillip Phillips, of Victoria, of the retail liquor license held by me for the sale of fermented and spirituous liquors upon the premises known as the Royal Hotel (Trade Dollar) situate on the northeast corner of Douglas and Fort streets, in the City of Victoria.

Dated the 6th day of November, 1894.
no7-30t S. WHITLEY.

NOTICE.

All parties having any claim against the estate of William Boon, of Chimney Creek, are required to file the same with me on or before the 1st day of December, 1894.

A. ISNARDY,
no1 Executor.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Licensing Board at its next sitting, for a transfer to Geo. E. Fisher, of Victoria, of my license to sell wines and liquors by retail upon the premises known as the "Elk," formerly the "Standard" Saloon, situate on the southeast corner of Pandora and Douglas Sts., in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 3rd day of November, 1894.
no6-30t LIONEL DICKENSON.

NOTICE.

Persons owning property on streets along which sewers are now being laid are requested to furnish information at the office of the City Engineer as to the manner in which they wish their premises connected with the public sewers.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
September 10, 1894. se11-tf

NOTICE—No shooting allowed on Fairfield Farm; trespassers will be prosecuted.
au31

JAPANESE TREATY.

Outline of the Commercial Convention Between Great Britain and Japan.

Its Special Importance to Canada and the Australasian Colonies.

(London Weekly Times, Oct. 26.)

The negotiation of a commercial treaty with Japan, of which the general aim is to place that market of over forty millions of people on the plane of western nations in all that relates to industrial intercourse, is an event of which the importance to Pacific-trading nations is not easy to over-estimate. Hitherto Japan, though less exclusive than China, has imposed and suffered restrictions of a kind unknown between members of the international system of the West. Japanese immigrants in the British colonies and the United States have not been liable to all the penalties imposed upon their Chinese neighbours, but they have been regarded with the suspicion which attaches to an alien race, and they have been subject to the disabilities of special legislation. On the other hand, the markets of the interior of Japan have been hedged round by obstructions which, so long as special consular jurisdiction was thought necessary for the protection of the rights of foreigners, rendered their full development impossible.

By the first article of the new treaty the subjects of each of the contracting parties obtain full liberty to enter, travel, or reside in any part of the dominions or possessions of the other contracting party, and enjoy equal privileges, liberties and rights of protection with the natives of the dominion or possession in which they may find themselves. Special legislation for foreigners is abolished on both sides, and the subjects of both powers accept, in the manner usual between nations which stand on a footing of equality, the ordinary protection and ordinary rights accorded by the national courts of justice. The treaty further provides for reciprocal freedom of commerce and navigation between the dominions and possessions of the two high contracting parties, and the most perfect equality is accorded in relation to all shipping and harbor facilities. Briefly, Japan, which has for the last five-and-twenty years displayed its marked aptitude for the reception of Western thought and its powers of adaptability to Western methods, now definitely abandons the system of the East and enrols itself as a member of the progressive system of Western civilization.

The geographical position of this nation makes the event one of peculiar interest to two important groups of British colonies. Up to the present moment in the history of Canada and Australia there has been no Power of importance whose markets were open to them upon the Pacific. Five years ago local trade upon the Pacific could hardly be said to have any existence. The trade which existed was a trade between hemisphere and hemisphere, not between port and port of the same ocean. Since then the creation of the Empress line has developed means of communication between China and Japan and the Pacific ports of the Dominion of Canada, and a late note from Vancouver mentions the unloading in one week upon one wharf of 3,000,000lb. of tea. This gives some indication of the growth of at least one item of Eastern trade. In June of last year a Canadian-Australian service was also started, of which the latest news that we receive is that one of the vessels was unable to carry back to Australia all the freight that was waiting for her at Vancouver. The further development of these and other lines of trans-Pacific communication is merely a question of local requirement, and it is a feature of the first significance to their future that within so short a period of their creation such a market as that offered by Japan should be thrown open. Neither Canada nor Australia are as yet included in the provisions of the treaty. It has been the custom for the last fourteen years to give all the self-governing colonies the option of being included or not, according to their wish, in the commercial treaties of the United Kingdom. The treaty, therefore, contains the usual clause, excepting them from the operation of its provisions unless notice is given within two years from the date of the exchange of ratification of their wish to be included.

The question for each of the Pacific colonies to determine is whether the advantages of the treaty will outweigh the disadvantage of its reciprocal provisions. To Western powers the equal rights accorded to the subjects of each of the contracting parties to reside without restrictions in each other's dominions carry with them little practical inconvenience to be feared. In the case of the Pacific colonies the case is not quite the same. Rightly or wrongly there exists a strong prejudice both in Australia and in the Pacific provinces of the Dominion of Canada against the free admission of alien races with rights to settle on terms of equality in the country. The result of an acceptance of the terms of the treaty will undoubtedly in their case lead to an increased immigration of Japanese subjects to their shores, and the fear that this immigration might assume proportions of unreasonable extent may perhaps be held to outweigh the benefits otherwise conferred. This is a subject on which it would be unwise to volunteer any prediction until the colonial governments have been formally consulted. Race prejudice is one of those questions about which argument may easily become impossible. But when this drawback has been discounted the remainder of the treaty offers little but pure gain.

The moment in which the expansion of trade which it seems to promise presents itself is very opportune. Alike in Canada and Australia circumstances have combined to direct the attention of governments and taxpayers to a development of the export trade. The stability of cabinets and the prosperity of the general public depend upon it, and recognition of the fact is so universal that the point principally at issue between conflicting parties is as to the best method of securing it. In Canada, where a Conservative government, usually associated with and supported by the manufacturing party, has long held sway and has labored in the interests of the Eastern market and of the scattered provinces to develop means of communication to the East and West, a very natural reaction has taken place. The Western provinces as they developed have grown powerful. The producing interest which predominates in their still sparsely populated area has nothing to gain from a protective system which forces it to spend in high-priced commodities of local manufacture what it earns in low-priced grain sold in the markets of the world. All the promises of the protectionist party have not kept up the price of wheat, and since the producer must go outside the protective ring to sell he would like to go outside also to buy. High tariffs have failed in their protective object. They are now maintained principally for revenue purposes, and the only way in which customs duties on a lower scale can meet the revenue requirements of the country is either by lessening the cost of government or by increasing the volume of trade upon which customs duties have to be paid. Whether as a protectionist desiring to justify his policy or as a freetrader desiring to bring the tariff down to strict revenue requirements, every patriotic Canadian desires to increase the export trade of the country. The late tour of Mr. Laurier, the leader of the Liberal Opposition, has shown the enthusiasm which exists in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and British Columbia for the principle of freer Canadian trade. British Columbia, which has the four ports of Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster and Nanaimo, all eager for development on the Pacific, is, of course, specially interested in the extension of the Eastern trade, and while, with only 100,000 inhabitants, British Columbia could hardly expect to carry much weight on its own account if its interests were opposed to the interests of the more powerful Eastern provinces, the expansion of Japanese markets, to which it is the sea-gate of the Dominion, is likely enough to bring all the needs of its producers into line with the needs of the Eastern manufacturers. Both parties will hope to justify their policy; both parties have everything to gain by establishing their trade in the markets of Japan.

At the other end of the Pacific the Australasian colonies have even more to gain. The financial crisis through which they have passed has made it a matter of life and death to them to develop the natural production of their soil. They possess every element of wealth. The low prices which have ruled for their staple produce have reduced the margin of profit, but means are not wanting to double the volume of production if extended markets could be found. Victoria has already shown its appreciation of the possible openings which may present themselves in the East by sending commissioners to inquire into trade prospects in Japan. The report of the commissioners is highly favorable, and in one article alone it becomes evident how the progressive character of the Japanese people is likely to effect their trade relations. The Japanese people, the commissioners were informed, are becoming very large meat eaters, and mutton, which is only procurable from China, is regarded as one of their greatest luxuries. A people of forty millions who like mutton and have none, and whose ports are within a few days' steaming of Australia, represent in this respect alone little less than a mine of wealth to the pastoral districts. The Japanese Minister of Agriculture, it is reported, could hardly credit the statement of the commissioners that mutton could be supplied at a cost of 1½d. a pound or less. Speaking from a knowledge of his people, he had not the slightest doubt of the demand which would at once arise for such an article. Raw sugar, wool, and leather are among the articles imported by Japan which are of special interest to Australia. Petroleum, machinery, and cotton and woollen fabrics add specially to the commercial possibilities of Canada.

There is, however, no need to enumerate the articles which might enter into the commerce of Canada and Australia with Japan. A rapidly increasing population with rapidly expanding needs, determined to take its place in the higher ranks of civilization, will require all that the commerce of its neighbors can supply. The advantage to Canada and Australia as compared with other markets of production will lie in their proximity. Half-way between them both, Japan will offer a point of meeting for their trade, and the peculiarity of their respective positions in the Northern and Southern hemispheres will to a great extent prevent them from clashing with each other. Midwinter in Japan will be the midsummer of Australia, and the markets which welcome the furs, the petroleum and the timber of Canada will be no less open to the surplus fruit and butter and the early harvests of the Southern hemisphere. The Northern summer in return, when the Canadian rivers are full of fish and the farmyards and orchards of British Columbia teem with produce to dispose of, will not interfere with the permanent wool and meat trade of Australia.

There is still one other not unimportant element which may have to be considered in any considerable development of trade between Australia and Japan. The one is a silver-producing and the other a silver-using country. The Barrier mines at Broken Hill furnish 1-15th of the entire silver production of the world. If the privilege of coining their own silver money should at any time be conceded to the Australian mints the advantage to their Pacific trade might be considerable. In any case, the extension of trade relations with a silver-using country must be of the utmost value. The five years which have yet to elapse before the treaty takes full effect will give ample opportunity for the investigation of the whole subject, and we have little doubt that all the colonies concerned will profit by the increased opportunities offered in the meanwhile to British subjects desiring to travel and make themselves acquainted with the condition of the markets of the interior.

BIMETALLIC LEAGUE.

Preamble and Resolution Adopted Insisting That Monetary Reform Be Made the Paramount Issue.

ST. LOUIS, MO., Nov. 28.—At to day's session of the bimetallic league the following preamble and resolution was adopted:

"Whereas, it is an undisputed fact that the monetary revolution inaugurated in 1873 by changing the money standard from gold and silver to gold alone has resulted, in twenty years, in doubling the value of money and reducing the general level of prices 5 per cent., therefore this conference calls upon the advocates of monetary reform everywhere to make monetary reform the paramount issue, and to vote for no candidate who is not in favor of the free coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, as it existed in this country from the foundation of the government, and for indefinite ages throughout the civilized world, until 1873 Americans must act for America, independently of what other nations may do, or may not do; and to this end we urge the organization of silver leagues throughout the entire country, the members of which shall pledge themselves to do all in their power to carry out these principles, and that the mining and agricultural states unite in close compact, and subordinating all other issues and all party considerations to this one purpose, work together to secure this all important reform.

"Resolved that a committee of five be appointed to take this movement in charge with power to call a convention when the time has come for further action. The gold standard cannot be maintained by issuing bonds and borrowing gold, and we denounce the issue of bonds in times of peace as not only without authority of law, but utterly indefensible as public policy; and we call upon congress to immediately put a stop to this lawless and reckless use of the public credit. What is needed now is more standard money to pay debts and taxes with, and not more promises to pay gold. We denounce, also, the proposed policy of delegating to banking institutions organized for private gain the right to issue and regulate the paper currency of the country, a sovereign power which the general government alone should exercise.

THE PEARY PARTY.

Steamer "Falcon" After Carrying Home the Exploring Expedition Wrecked Off Newfoundland.

HALIFAX, N. S., Nov. 28.—A correspondent at Port Marien, N. B., writes that an American fishing schooner put in there the other day and reported that the steamer Falcon, returning from Philadelphia to St. John's alter conveying home Mrs. Peary and the auxiliary exploring party, was wrecked on Virgin rocks, off the coast of Newfoundland, last month, and all on board were drowned.

The best fruit kettles, at Cheapside.

TRANSPORTATION.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and From all European points.

FROM HALIFAX.

Allan Line	Numidian	Dec 22
"	Mongolian	Jan 5
"	Laurentian	Jan 19
Dominion Line	Vancouver	Dec 15
"	Oregon	Dec 29
"	Labrador	Jan 12

FROM NEW YORK.

Cunard Line	Lucania	Dec 1
"	Etruria	Dec 8
American Line	New York	Dec 12
"	Paris	Dec 19
White Star Line	Adriatic	Dec 12
"	Teutonic	Dec 19
North Ger. Lloyd	Trave	Dec 11
"	Elbe	Dec 18
Anchor Line	Circassia	Dec 22
"	Ethiopia	Dec 29
Red Star Line	Noordland	Dec 12
"	Pennland	Dec 15
Allan State Line	Nebraska	Dec 20

Saloon fares from $40.00 to $90.00, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $25.00 to $40.00. Steerage, $10.00 to $25.00. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5.00 to $10.00 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10.00 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria
Cor. Fort and Government Streets.

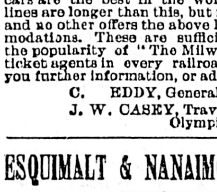
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.

GLANCE AT THIS MAP

Of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway and note its connections with all transcontinental lines at St. Paul and Omaha, and remember when going east that its trains are lighted with electricity and heated by steam. Its equipment is superb. Elegant Buffet, Library, Smoking, and Sleeping cars, with free reclining chairs. Each sleeping car berth has an electric reading lamp, and its dining cars are the best in the world. Some other lines are longer than this, but none are shorter, and no other offers the above luxurious accommodations. These are sufficient reasons for the popularity of "The Milwaukee." Coupon ticket agents in every railroad office will give you further information, or address

C. EDDY, General Agent,
J. W. CASEY, Trav. Pass. Agent,
Olympic Block, Seattle

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.



STEAMER JOAN
J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893

The Steamer JOAN will sail as follows, calling at Way Ports as Freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria, Tuesday, 7 a. m.
" Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo, Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m
Will make one trip a month to Valdez Island.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store street. fe1

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL-RAIL TO NELSON, B.C.

THE ONLY THROUGH LINE TO NELSON, KASLO, KOOTENAI LAKE AND SLOCAN POINTS.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7:00 a.m. Lv... SPOKANE...Ar. 5:30 p.m

On Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through to Nelson, arriving at 5:40 p.m. making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kalso and all lake points, arriving at Kalso at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane same days.

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays ja11

IF YOU WANT A CARRIAGE

IF YOU WANT YOUR FURNITURE MOVED or any kind of Hauling done, telepone

THE VICTORIA TRANSFER CO'Y

Broughton St., foot of Broad.

TELEPHONE CALL 129. RATES MODERATE. no20-1m

VICTORIA ARM.

FOR SALE—One of the finest sites on the Arm. Deep water frontage and running back to Gorge Road. Contains one and one-eighth acres, seven-roomed house, stables, etc. City water laid on. Twenty minutes' walk from tram car. Will be sold cheap. Apply to SWINERTON & ODDY, corner Gorment and Yates streets; or FLINT & PROSSER, Broad street. jo5

VICTORIA
REPRESENTATIVE BUSINESS FIRMS
OF
JOBBERS AND MANUFACTURERS.

LANGLEY & CO.
Wholesale Druggists
Established 1858.

A CARLOAD OF FINE
ONTARIO :: CIDER
on the way. Pure Juice of the apple. Order now before it is all sold.
FALCONER'S VINEGAR, PICKLE & JAM WORKS,
Victoria, B.C. Telephone 473.

BOUCHERAT & CO.
IMPORTERS OF
Wines and Liquors.

LENZ & LEISER,
Wholesale Dry Goods
LARGEST STOCK IN THE PROVINCE.

BABY'S PHOTO.

Out Six Coupons of different numbers from THE DAILY COLONIST and bring them, together with 10 cents, to this office and secure a Photograph of your Baby WITHOUT CHARGE. The work, which will be done at the IMPERIAL STUDIO, is guaranteed to be first-class in every respect. Don't delay cutting out these coupons, as this offer is good for one month only. Hours from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

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Victoria, B. C., July 1, 1893. ap5 GEO. GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

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VICTORIA, B. C.

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RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 21,

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday, Nov. 1, 1894. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

Stations	Mls. f'm Vic	North Bound (Read Down) No. 2 Pass'r. Daily	No. 4 Pass'r. Satur'y	Mls. f'm Wel	South Bound (Read Up) No. 1 Pass'r. Daily	No. 3 Pass'r. Satur'y
Victoria		De. 8.00 A.M.	De. 2.00 P.M.	78	Ar. 12.24 P.M.	Ar. 5.30 P.M.
Russell's	1	" 8.04	" 2.04	77	" 12.20	" 5.26
Esquimalt	4	" 8.14	" 2.14	74	" 12.10	" 5.16
Goldstream	11	" 8.39	" 2.39	67	" 11.45	" 4.51
Summit Siding	20	" 9.14	" 3.10	58	" 11.10	" 4.22
Shawnigan Lake	28	" 9.34	" 3.36	50	" 10.50	" 3.56
Cobble Hill	31	" 9.44	" 3.46	47	" 10.40	" 3.46
McPherson's	35	" 9.57	" 4.01	43	" 10.27	" 3.31
Koksilah	38	" 10.07	" 4.11	40	" 10.17	" 3.21
Duncan's	40	" 10.12	" 4.16	38	" 10.12	" 3.16
Somenos	43	" 10.22	" 4.26	35	" 10.02	" 3.06
Chemainus	52	" 10.48	" 4.48	26	" 9.36	" 2.44
Oyster Bay Siding	59	" 11.09	" 6.05	19	" 9.15	" 2.28
Nanaimo	73	Ar. 11.50 / De. 11.59	" 5.46	5	De. 8.34 / Ar. 8.25	" 1.45
Wellington	73	Ar. 12.14 P.M.	Ar. 6.00 P.M.		De. 8.10 A.M.	De. 1.30 P.M.

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

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Passengers for Chicago can take Sleeping Ca at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria daily at 9:00 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East,

Running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars Family Tourist Sleepers, and first and second class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

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To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and all Points East and South.

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Speed 18 knots | VICTORIA ROUTE. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON" | Tonnage 1117.

8.30 pm	Ml	Lv *...Victoria.... Ar	110	4.30 pm
11.45 pm	38	. Port Townsend .	72	1.30 pm
3.00 am	82	...... Seattle......	28	10.15 am
4.45 am	110	Ar. *...Tacoma.....Lv	Ml	8.00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

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F. W. PARKER,
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The Colonist.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1894.

THIS PAPER

IS ON SALE AT THE FOLLOWING PLACES IN THE UNITED STATES:

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L. P. Fisher, Room 11, Merchants' Exchange.

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Ward's News Stand, 109 Columbia.
Allair & Stairmill, 104 S. 2d street.
Butler Hotel News Stand.
Rainier Grand News Stand.
Norther Hotel News Stand.
Lowman & Hanford, 616 Front street.
The Calvert Co., 716 Front street.
Gillman News Stand, Yesler avenue and Commercial street.
Taft & Clark, 2d and Madison streets.
Standly, W. P., 518 2d street.
Sutton & Allen, 2d street.
Arlington Hotel News Stand.
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TACOMA—
News Stand, Tacoma Hotel.
Funk's Book Store, corner 11th street and Pacific avenue.

PORT TOWNSEND—
French & Springer's.

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, Nov. 28, 1894.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

1 a. m.,	44°	Mean 45	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a. m.,	45°		
9 a. m.,	45	Highest 49°	5 a. m.—Calm.
1 p. m.,	48°		1 p. m.—Calm.
5 p. m..	46	Lowest 43°	9 p. m.—8 S.
9 p. m.,	45°		Rain—.08.

Average state of weather—Cloudy.
E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer ROSALIE from the Sound—F T Curry, Mrs Curry, A W Thomson, W J Martin, Miss May Lewis, E A Wickland, Mrs Wickland, E Goddard, Mrs Wm Robertson, Mr Wm Robertson, Mrs Cuthbert, A Robertson and two children, Florence Arlington, J W Campbell, John Smith.

Per Str. CITY OF KINGSTON from the Sound—H D Helmcken, Mrs Dr Helmcken, Capt Beck, Mrs McTavish, A Brock, A E Hardie, C A Coleman and wife, Capt J H Hughes, Miss Bloom.

Per Steamer CHAMPER from Vancouver—C E Pearey, J R Wren, E M Sim, F Kline, Mrs Kline, T Thompson, F Jarvis, C A Holland, J L Pooney, Officer Hooson, Dr Powell, G A Keefer, Mrs Brakes, A M Butlock, Max Leiser, Frank H Pierce, W J Byes, A H Howells, Capt Meyer, E V Bodwell, H B French, D W Gillies, L H Mershon, Mrs Mershon, E J McFeeley, Mrs McFeeley, N Innes, Rev W Baer, J W Williams, W Meekie, G A Caldwell, O C Taylor.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer ROSALIE from the Sound—J H A Rickaby, James Duncan, Vale & B, Mrs William Robertson, Jno Wilson & Co, The R T Williams Co, and R Daniels.

Per Str CITY OF KINGSTON from the Sound—L & L, H B Co, J & Co, W & J Wilson James Hutcheson, Weiler Bros, Victoria El Lt and Tramway Co, Lenz & L, Mrs R S R, P McQuade & Sons, Davidson Bros, T R Morrow, S Bros, and North Eastern Fish Co.

Per Steamer CHAMPER from Vancouver—Standard Oil Co, Hall Ross & Co, A B Erskine, S Shore, A Barker, Thomas & G, S Leiser, R J Nott, Bell & Co, D Spencer, Waxstock, R P R, Braden Bros, W Duncan, Geo Everton, Ramsay Bros, Cookson & R, T B & Co, S Reid, Thorpe & Co, E Wall & Co, Jno Ward W & J Wilson, Vic Elec Co, J H T, P W Ellis, Bnk of B N A, W Blackie, J R Greenfield, G & McC, Spratt & G, Wilson Bros, Jas Argus, Wm Hazlett, Davidson Bros, J Thompson, J Piercy & Co, Watson & G, Pither & L, T Carne, H Kiteley, J Maynard, Weiler Bros, Stevens & J, R McDonald, W J Jeffree, Weiler Bros, Jno Leaky, H Freeman, T Robinson, J P Sarantis, Dean & C, W M Robson, Bnk of Montreal, W R McIntosh, A E McNaughton, J McKim, E W Bicker, J McKenzie, T Shotbolt, R H Lesce, Braund & Co, W & J Greeby & Co, T Haughton E J Salmon, H F Gribble, Pennock & L, Marvin & T, R H Jamieson, Langley & Co, Col Ind Rev, Lenz & L, J H Baker, P McQuade.

Per CITY OF PUEBLA from San Francisco—A Cohn, A McGregor & Son, Brackman & Ker M Co, Bissinger & Co, Dunsmuir Cold Storage Co, Dixi H Ross, Duck Chong, K G Prior, E B Marvin & Co, Henry Short & Son, Hud Bay Co, Jos Sayward, J & A Clearihue, Marvin & T, M Bantly, Pither & L, P McQuade & Son, R P Rithet & Co, K Baker & Son, S Schoen, S Leiser, Thos Earle, Thorpe & Co, Vale & B, Voss & P, Wilson Bros, W J Pendray, Weiler Bros, Yuen Lung, Yuen Chong Lung, Mrs Chadwick, Hall Bros & Co, Kwong On Wo, Lung Kee, Beaty & Hall, C S Phip, Winch & B, Wells Fargo & Co.

CABLE NEWS.

The Baring Settlement.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The Daily News is informed that the delay in the Baring settlement is less important than has been supposed. It is expected that the prospectus of the new scheme will be ready on Friday.

Tax Concessions by the Czar.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 28.—It is estimated that the Czar's manifesto remits 5,000 roubles in taxes to the poor.

Pauncefote and Kimberley.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Sir Julian Pauncefote, British ambassador to the United States, has had numerous interviews in the last few days with Lord Kimberley, secretary of foreign affairs. He will sail for America on Saturday.

Cannot be Associated.

BUDA PESTH, Nov. 28.—Prof. Vambery, an authority on the Eastern question, writes to the Pesther Lloyd that the Anglo-Russian entente cannot be more than temporary, as Russia and England can no more be associated in peace than fire and water.

Portuguese Parliament Dissolved.

LISBON, Nov. 28.—An attempt to reform the rules of the chamber of deputies led to such turbulent scenes on Monday that the King has dissolved parliament.

Beaver Steamship Company.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 28.—A meeting of the Beaver Steamship Company's creditors was held to-day. It was stated that if a certain Liverpool bank were entitled under the debenture to a charge on the company's assets, there would be nothing left. The court could not decide whether or not the debenture holders were entitled to the first charge until after the arrival of the vice-president with the trust deed and the appointment of an official liquidator. Proposals for a compromise have been made.

The Czarewitch Reported Dead.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The Times correspondent in Odessa says it is reported that the Czarewitch, who has lung disease, has become suddenly worse. The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Central News mentions a rumor that the Czarewitch is dead and the fact has been suppressed on account of the wedding. There is no confirmation of these reports.

TROUBLE ON THE "DETROIT."

The Crew of This Well-Known Collier and Their Alleged Grievance.

Consul Roberts Will Spend Thanksgiving Day Investigating the Case.

Although United States Consul General W. P. Roberts had intended enjoying Thanksgiving cheer and devoting his whole attention to the appropriate celebration of the great American holiday to-day, the fates forbid. The well known coast collier, the bark Detroit, arrived in Esquimalt harbor last evening, the Lorne dropping her there, the only men aboard to navigate the vessel on her passage from Departure bay being Captain Rice and his officers, the crew having walked ashore at the Bay. It is with the investigation of the cause leading up to this step of the sailors that the Consul will be kept busy to-day.

Of course opinions differ as to the merit of the real or fancied grievance of the crew. When they with the bark arrived at Departure bay, where they were to load coal for San Francisco, they had a story of misfortune and distress to tell to all who would listen. The bark, they said, was old and unseaworthy; on the voyage up she had taken water so fast that both of her steam pumps had to be kept working night and day. They did not propose to go down with a leaking ship, they concluded, and unless a survey were at least held and such repairs made as it proved necessary, they would not go to sea in her again. They had other complaints against the ship and about her officers, and each and all of these they wanted fully looked into before the Detroit went again to sea.

In the meantime the bark completed her cargo of coal, loading fairly light, as Captain Rice does not believe in taking large consignments out at this time of the year. The bark hauled away from the chutes yesterday morning, and the Lorne was engaged to take her beyond the Cape.

Then the crew refused to proceed, and argument on the captain's part as to the safety of the ship failing to convince them, he suggested that they come with the ship as far as Esquimalt—the nearest port at which the ship could discharge coal and be hauled out for repairs if necessary.

But instead of agreeing to this the men walked ashore.

"Here is where they made a mistake," commented one of the officers of the Lorne yesterday evening, "for no matter what the condition of the bark they could come to no misfortune by staying on board of her until she towed to Esquimalt. Even if they had refused duty, they should have stayed aboard."

The skipper, his first and second officers, (the former Mr. Williams, formerly of the Danube), the steward and the cook managed the bark on her way down from Nanaimo, the crew of the tugboat putting the hawser aboard. As soon as the bark was out of the harbor the ten men forming the crew laid their grievance before U. S. Vice-Consul Dennison at Nanaimo. He heard them attentively and ordered them to rejoin their vessel at Victoria. They will come down by the noon train to-day and will at once apply to Consul Roberts for reconsideration of their case.

Captain Rice holds that there is absolutely nothing in the crew's claim of the bark's unseaworthiness. She is, he says, and the Lorne's people agree with him in this, as good as any wooden collier can be, and as safe a vessel, as she now is loaded, as any seaman need ask for. What the outcome of the trouble will be cannot of course be predicted. The same officer of the Lorne who was quoted above does not hesitate to give his opinion in the matter.

"It Captain Rice wants to get away he can get a new crew before breakfast," he said, "and the others can whistle. They deserted the ship and forfeited their claims upon her. Or, he may remain here long enough to charge them with refusing duty and abandoning him."

Going up to Departure Bay the Detroit was one of the two vessels which the Lorne had in tow. With the bark Richard III also to handle, the Lorne reached the bay just as another sailing vessel cast her anchors after being brought up from the Cape as far as Active Pass by the tugs Pioneer and Sea Lion. The American tugs had much the advantage of the Lorne in the start from the Cape, but had Captain Locke and the engineers of the latter known what was ahead of them they would have been in Departure Bay first. As it was, the weather was foggy at the time and the Lorne's speed was nothing extra, though sufficiently great to show her superior towing capabilities.

ELECTORAL FORGERIES.

A Scandal of the Gravest Magnitude in France.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The Daily News says the trial of the wholesale electoral forgeries in Toulouse is a stirring one and such as has not been developed since the Panama scandal. The accused are mere second rate clerks, who admit forging and erasing a thousand names from the roll of electors They plead that they were instructed by superiors who were influenced by exalted personages, even judges. The names of the latter were divulged by Witness Duboul, who adduced proofs that he was repeatedly elected deputy but was never proclaimed, the results being cooked. The opposition newspapers in Paris reproduce the reputed telegraph communications between ex-Minister Constanz and the Prefect of Toulouse, in which the former promised to shelter the Prefect in cooking the votes."

DURING the past few days a number of bunco men from the Sound cities have their appearance in town, and in consequence the police are keeping an eye on them with a view of gathering them in if they begin operations here.

Learn to sharpen your razor, at Fox's, 78 Government street. A fine variety from Sheffield just arrived.

SPECIAL facilities for making blank books. R. T. Williams & Co., 28 Broad street.

Dyspepsia arises from wrong action of the stomach, liver and bowels. Burdock Blood Bitters cures Dyspepsia and all diseases arising from it, 99 times in 100

American Hip boots, pure gum, $4.00. Marks, 8 Store Street.

Oysters
In all styles, and game, at the Bank Exchange; popular prices.

THE "WAIRARAPA" HORROR.

Steaming at Full Speed the Passenger Ship Charged Upon Great Barrier Island.

Twenty Miles From His Course the Captain Had No Suspicion of Danger.

Details of the terrible wreck of the Union company's steamship Wairarapa, which occurred on October 28, at Barrier Island, 55 miles from Auckland, are contained in the New Zealand papers just arrived. The vessel was on a voyage from Sydney, N. S. W., to Auckland, was seen and reported 400 miles from New Zealand and then nothing more was heard of her in Auckland until four days after the wreck, when the suspense was ended by the heartrending news, which was totally unanticipated, as the general supposition was that she had been detained by a breakdown or at the worst had gone ashore without loss of life. The facts given in the newspapers mentioned show that the matter published yesterday afternoon under date of "New York, Nov. 28," is not based on any recent cable from Auckland as stated, but is merely a repetition of the misleading story hurriedly sent out upon the first intimation of the wreck. The statements by the survivors—nearly 100 persons—while showing that a great blunder in the reckoning must have been made and that the ship for hours was recklessly run at top speed through dense fog, are nearly all to the effect that after the accident the conduct of the officers and crew, with few exceptions, was marked by bravery and heroism.

The Wairarapa has been employed in the intercolonial trade, running from Sydney to Auckland and thence down the coast to Melbourne. She was of steel, built by Messrs. Denny Brothers, of Dumbarton, in 1882. On her last passage to Sydney she made a record performance of three days and fifteen hours from Auckland. Her dimensions were: Length, 285 feet; breadth, 36 feet; depth, 23 feet 7 in.; gross tonnage, 1,786; horse power, 292.

The doomed vessel left Sydney on her fatal trip on the evening of October 25, having on board, as near as known, officers and crew, 65; saloon passengers, 91; steerage passengers, 71. First sight of New Zealand was caught early Sunday morning and at 10:30 a.m. Cape Maria Van Diemen, the most northern point of the North island was abeam. As the vessel sped south it entered a dense fog, effectually preventing sight of land or the taking of an observation. Captain McIntosh, however, shaped the usual course for Cape Brett, the distance covered being checked every half hour on the patent log. The old course was kept until 10 p.m., when it was judged that the vessel was in the neighborhood of the Mokohinau lighthouse, the light of which however was not visible. It would seem as though the captain, who was almost continuously upon the bridge, had no doubt as to his whereabouts, for, at the hour named, the course was altered to almost due south, full speed being still kept up, a speed which carried the vessel along at something like 13½ miles an hour. But an error had been made somewhere, whether before or after 10 o'clock cannot be known.

At midnight the watch was changed, and the old look-out man forward was replaced by a new one. The latter had not been four minutes at his post when he saw, a few yards ahead, a black mass, denser than the darkness of the night, which he knew to mean disaster. Sharply his cry of warning rang out; instantly the order "full speed astern" was telegraphed from the bridge to the engine room. The order was promptly obeyed. But before the vessel could lose one tittle of the way upon her she had met her doom. The crash, as forced by her momentum she rushed upon the rocks, was sickening in its awesomeness. "All hands on deck" was the order instantly given. The passengers, men, women, and children, in sleeping garb, rushed, just as they had sprung from their berths, to the deck. The difficulties of the commander here cannot be estimated. He could only know he was out of his course. That he was over 20 miles out he was never to know. Before him rose a precipitous cliff, the top of which was not discernible in the night. Around him were heavy breakers. The water was rapidly filling up the entire interior of the ship. There was nothing for it but to launch the boats. While this was being attempted the stewards and stewardesses, whose heroism is gratefully spoken of by the survivors, were busy serving out life-belts. Long before all the preparations were complete, however, the ship gave a violent lurch and canted over, smashing the starboard boats. Two of the port boats, one in charge of the third, and the other in charge of the fourth officer, were got out, and these were the means of saving nearly sixty of the Wairarapa's human freight.

Though the unfortunate people knew it not at the time, the ship had struck upon the Great Barrier island—some 25 miles away from the ordinary course—at a place known as Miner's Point. Here the cliff rises sheer from the sea to a height of 800 or 1,000 feet, and running out from the base of the precipice is a reef. Upon this reef lay the wrecked vessel, while between this and the mainland the sea raced and swirled as though it were a mill-race. To this is due the fact that so few managed to reach the shore. At 12 4 a.m. the order to reverse the engines was given; at 12.17 a.m. the last order, that to stop the engines, was given. The sea by this time had flooded the cabins and the engine-rooms. The last man in the latter, Mr. Sinclair, had to make his escape through the skylight. On the wreck the sea was rising. First the decks were covered; then the water reached the knees and next the waists of those remaining. Then, one clinging to another for mutual support, the ill-fated beings stood upon the rail clutching for life at the shrouds and halyards. Higher and higher rose the waves until those who were not fortunate enough to gain places in the rigging were literally awash at every recurring sea. Some few were carried shorewards, where they managed to scramble to land, but by far the greater proportion sank, or if they had on a lifebelt eddied around until, exhausted, they died. Up to three a.m. Captain McIntosh kept his post on the bridge, with him being several of the passengers. At the hour named the bridge was seen to sway, and finally gave way, all being hurled into the sea. A dark body, supposed to be that of the commander, was seen to fall first, head foremost, which gave currency for the statement that he had dived into death.

The dawn revealed to the survivors the extent of the catastrophe which had befallen them. Some few, less than a score, had been washed on to a ledge of rocks; some forty more still clung to the rigging, while all around were the floating dead, and two or three alive, yet too weak to make for the shore. And those on land were unable to help them. Some, however, were picked up by the two boats, which, full to the gunwale, were steered in the direction of a European settlement. The hull of the Wairarapa had almost entirely disappeared, though the rigging was still alive with humanity. How to get these ashore was a problem. It was solved by heroism. An old Auckland boy, Mr. Leighton, climbed to the masthead and detached the signal halyard. With this the second engineer, Mr. Dunlop essayed to swim ashore. Unfortunately he failed. One of the stewards, however, took up the heroic task and succeeded. Along this thin line of life all passed in safety save two. The survivors who had reached the rock remained there until about four o'clock on the Monday afternoon, the only thing with which they could refresh themselves being a few oranges rescued from the wreckage. About four o'clock the hearts of the saved were gladdened by the sight of four boats coming around the point. These proved to be manned by Maories from a neighboring native settlement. All the passengers were taken off and landed at Copper Mine bay, ten seamen being left till the next day—then these were rescued. The ladies were received for the night at the Maori settlement at Catherine bay, and all were most kindly treated.

There were 93 persons saved. It is believed that 134 were drowned, of these 111 being passengers and 23 officers and crew.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

IMPORTANT CONGRESS.

Resolutions Adopted by the Trans-Mississippi Convention at St. Louis.

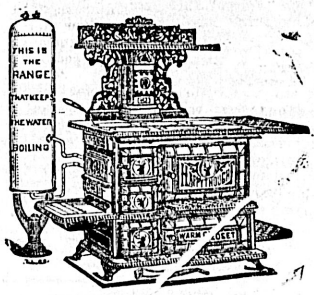
ST. LOUIS, Nov. 28.—The Trans-Mississippi Congress reconvened this morning. The first resolution introduced to-day was one asking congressional aid in providing for the proper defence of Puget Sound. The resolution which provoked the greatest discussion of the congress was introduced as a minority report by the committee on imports and exports. The resolution advocated the adoption by congress of a tariff requiring the payment of export duties on staple agriculture products. The resolution was rejected by the majority of the committee, but the California delegation hoped to secure for it the advisement of the congress and thereby ensure its adoption when presented. The committee on resolutions has adopted the subcommittee reports urging that congress provide for the construction of a deep water harbor at San Pedro, California, and also favorably reported on resolutions advocating the government construction of the Nicaraguan canal; the building of the Hennepin canal; the deepening of Duluth harbor, and the improvement of the upper Mississippi river for navigation purposes. The minority report on an export tariff was rejected.

The report of the committee on resolutions was adopted. It recommended the general government to deepen the harbors on the Gulf coast at San Joaquin, Sacramento, San Pedro, Isla Creek and Oakland, California, and the erection of fortifications and maintenance of armed vessels on Puget Sound. It approved the appropriations for improving rivers and making their enlargement; requested legislation for government aid to the Nicaraguan canal and canals connecting the great lakes with the Atlantic ocean; approved Secretary Herbert's action in purchasing all supplies for the navy in America; also recommended legislation to enlarge trade relations with the West Indies and South America; and asked greater protection to person and property in Alaska, urging also an international commission to control canals and natural waterways of an international character.

Very pretty Lamp Shades at Weiler Bros.

If you cough, get Bronchial Balsam, at Bowes' Drug Store, 27 Johnson street.

PERRY & TURNER
42 JOHNSON STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.



"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE.

Builders' Hardware,
Stoves, Tinware and Graniteware.
Sheet Metal Work,
Cornice Work,
Sky Lights and Roofing.
Plumbing and Heating. no18

JUST RECEIVED
A CARLOAD OF
STOVES, RANGES AND HEATERS
The finest ever imported into Victoria,
A choice and handsome line of the very latest designs of
OIL STOVES

The Manchester House
88 YATES STREET.

NEW DRESS GOODS — Navy and Brown Diagonal Serges. Black Diagonal Serge. Black Cashmeres from 60c. per yard. Black and Navy French Serges, 50c per yard.
Fine Flannelettes, Pinks and Blues, suitable for Blouses.
A few of those Kid Gloves at 65c. a pair.
CORSETS--CORSETS — The E.T. Long Waist Black Corset, $1 50 per pair. The C.P. French Corset (Mascot), $2.25 per pair. Yatisi (very easy wearing corset), $1,50. The C. & D.—Long Waist Corset—$1.00. The Queen—Special Corset—75 cents. The May—a Good Corset—50 cents.
Ladies' Flannelette Night Dresses, from $1.00, $1.50, $1.60 and $2.
Ladies' Dressing Gowns, very stylish, $3 00 and $3.50 each.
MILLINERY DEPT. — A choice selection of Trimmed Millinery always on hand. Novelties in Trimmings. All work neatly and promptly done.
MANCHESTER HOUSE. T. HAUGHTON & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Bank of British Columbia.
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.
NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS.
From 1st January, 1895, and until further notice, the rate of interest allowed on Savings Bank Deposits by this Bank will be three per cent. (3 per cent.) per annum.
GEORGE GILLESPIE, Manager.
Bank of British Columbia,
Victoria, 28th November, 1894. no28

BANK OF MONTREAL.
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.
NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS.
From the 1st January, 1895, and till further notice, the rate of interest allowed on Savings Bank Deposits by this Bank will be three per cent. (3 per cent.) per annum.
A. J. C. GALLETLY, Manager.
Victoria, 28th November, 1894. no28

HARD COAL.
A large consignment of Anthracite Coal just received; will burn in any stove. All those having self feeders or base burner heaters, would save money by giving it a trial. GEO. McFARLAND, Agent.
Orders taken at Wharf, James Bay; 110 Government St., 74 Yates St. no28 3t

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION OF FURNITURE
—ON—
MONDAY, DEC. 3, 11 A.M.
I have been instructed by Mrs. Hamilton Moffat, to sell by auction at her residence,
MICHIGAN & OSWEGO STS., JAMES BAY
All the Household Furniture, viz.:
DRAWING ROOM—Parlor suite, easy arm chairs, in leather; mantel mirror, occasional tables, what-not and [illegible], tea and occa- paintings, lithographs, M[illegible] ornaments, oil lace curtains carpets and rugs, tables, ottomans,
DINING ROOM—[illegible] dining table, per[illegible] Mahogany sofa, extension rocker, plate [illegible] centre lamps, chairs, clocks, glass[illegible]ware, cutlery, spoons forks, music stand[illegible], brackets, lamps, flowers, er stand[illegible], fine hall heating stove, wire flower stand[illegible] oil cloth, etc.
BE[illegible]D ROOMS—The furnishing of four bed ro[illegible]ms, consisting of bedroom suites, bedding, chamber sets, carpets, etc.
KITCHEN—Fine Medallion range, dinner sets, white and gold tea set, crockery, enamel stew pans, tinware, meat safes, steps, hose, garden tools, etc.
GEORGE BYRNES, Auctioneer.
no29

FRIDAY, NOV. 30, AT 11 A.M.
AUCTION
—AT—
105 BLANCHARD STREET.
—OF—
Furniture and Effects
Comprising very fine Mahogany Parlor Suite upholstered in horsehair, centre tables, chenille table cover, rope table, pictures, ornamental items, two very good Brussels carpets, tapestry carpets, linoleum, hall stand, stair carpets, extension table (8 leaves), 6 mahogany balloon-backed dining chairs (leather seats), capital Singer sewing machine, 2 hanging lamps, 2 standard lamps, sideboard, black walnut bed set, ditto with marble slab, ash bed set, box mattresses, child's black walnut bedstead and mattress, several toilet services, kitchen range, chairs, tables, etc.
Please note time of sale is 11 o'clock. Goods must be taken away day of sale, as the tenancy terminates on day of sale. Terms Cash.
HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO., Auctioneers.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY
When you go East take the
Popular and Scenic Route
Across the continent.
RATES CHEAPER THAN VIA ANY OTHER ROUTE.
Through Sleepers and Upholstered Tourist Cars in charge of competent porters, running through without change to
MONTREAL, BOSTON, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, TORONTO.
For rates, pamphlets and all information apply to
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent. Vancouver, B.C.
GEO. L. COURTNEY, Fgt & Pass. Agt., Victoria, Corner Fort & Gov't Sts
an25

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
EPPS'S COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.
Make simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by grocers, labelled thus:
JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England. oc16

VICTORIA BUILDING SOCIETY.
A general meeting of the above Society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society hall, Broad street (opposite View), on Saturday, the 1st December, 1894, for the purpose of holding the Forty-First Drawing for an appropriation. See that your shares are in good standing.
By order.
A. ST. G. FLINT, Secretary.
no28-4t

TO THE PUBLIC.
MR JAS. TAIT, Oak Bay Dairy:—
Dear Sir,—I have examined and tested your cattle with Tuberculin, and feel pleased to give you a clear bill of health as your cattle are free from Tuberculosis.
F. S. ROPER, V.S., Inspector of Contagious Diseases of Animals.
no28 1t

MONEY TO LOAN
On improved property at current rates.
HEISTERMAN & CO., 75 Government St. a19

LETT'S
OFFICE DIARIES,
Canadian Office Diaries
.....And a very large assortment of.....
ARTIST - MATERIAL
—Just received by....
T. N. HIBBEN & CO.